

FAN6292CMX

Secondary Side Synchronous Rectifier Controller for Flyback Converters

Descriptions

The FAN6292CMX is a secondary-side synchronous rectifier (SR) controller for an isolated flyback converter operating in Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM). The adaptive dead time control algorithm minimizes the body diode conduction of SR MOSFET while guaranteeing stable and robust SR operation against noise and disturbance caused by the circuit parasitic.

When pair with FAN1080, PSR controller, FAN6292CMX can execute functions that are more valuable. Dynamic Response Enhancement (DRE) awakes primary controller quickly during load transient thus improves voltage dip.

FAN6292C are also source only USB Type-C controllers which are optimized for mobile chargers and power adapters. It supports standard 3 A VBUS current level is compatible as a load switch, and helps to reduce BOM cost.

Features

- Support Discontinuous Conduction Modes (DCM) and Boundary Conduction Mode (BCM)
- Adaptive Turn-Off Dead Time Tuning for General SR MOSFET Application
- Turn-On Trigger Blanking Time (Minimum Gate OFF Time) for Improved Noise Immunity
- Dynamic Response Enhancement (DRE) Function to Improve System Dynamic Response
- Type-C Control for Standard 3 A VBUS Current Level
- N-Channel MOSFET Control as a Load Switch for USB Type-C
- Minimum Turn-On Delay (20 ns)
- Supporting General Output Voltage (VIN) Range : 3.25 V ~ 20 V for LDO Input
- Fewest External Component Allowed

Applications

- Travel Adapter for Smart Phones, Feature Phones and Tablet PCs
- AC-DC Adapters for Portable Devices that Require CV/CC Control
- IoT Power Applications



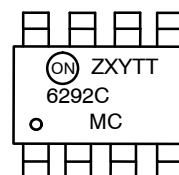
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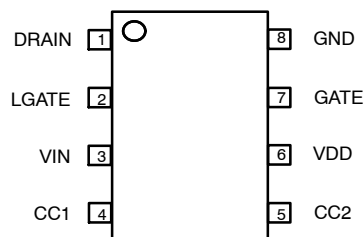
SOIC8
CASE 751EB

MARKING DIAGRAM



Z	= Assembly Plant Code
X	= Year Code
Y	= Week Code
TT	= Die Run Code
6292C	= FAN6292C
M	= SOP
C	= Manufacture Code

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 2 of this data sheet.

FAN6292CMX

PACKAGE MARKING AND ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Operating Temperature	Package	Packing Method
FAN6292CMX	-40 to 85°C	8-Lead, SOIC (Pb-Free)	2500/Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

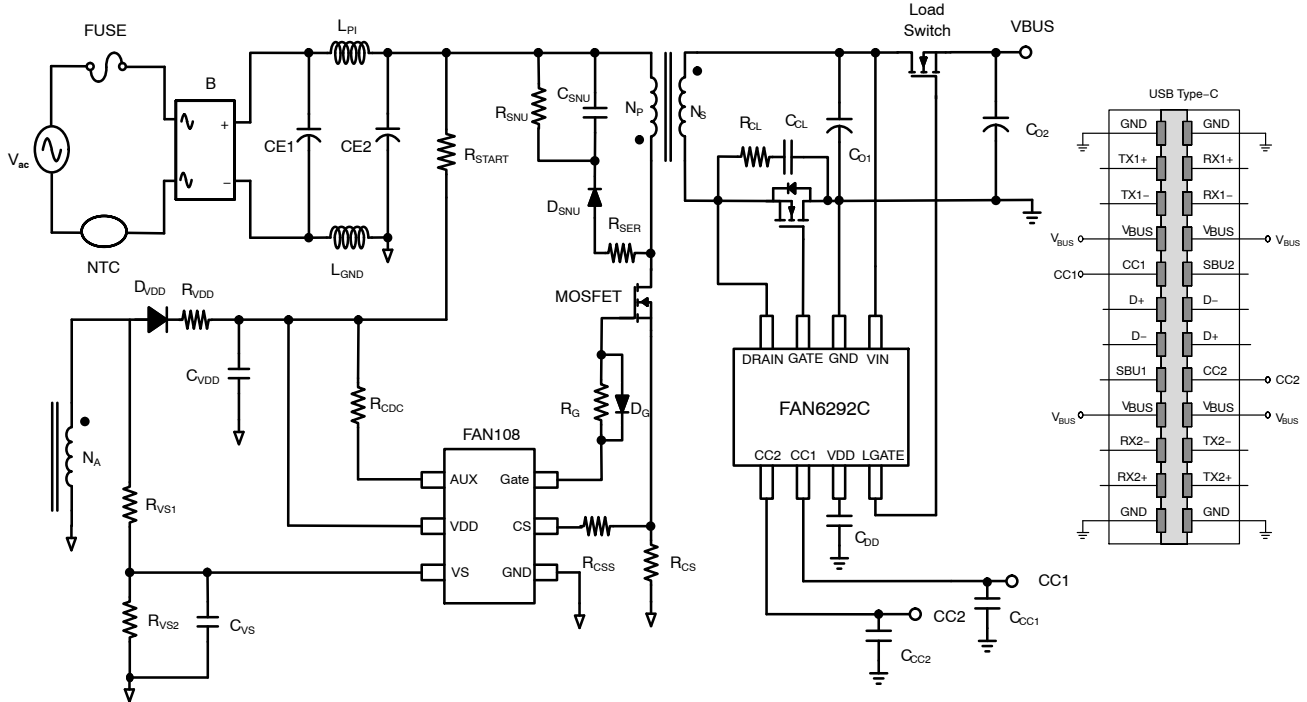


Figure 1. FAN6292C Typical Application Schematic

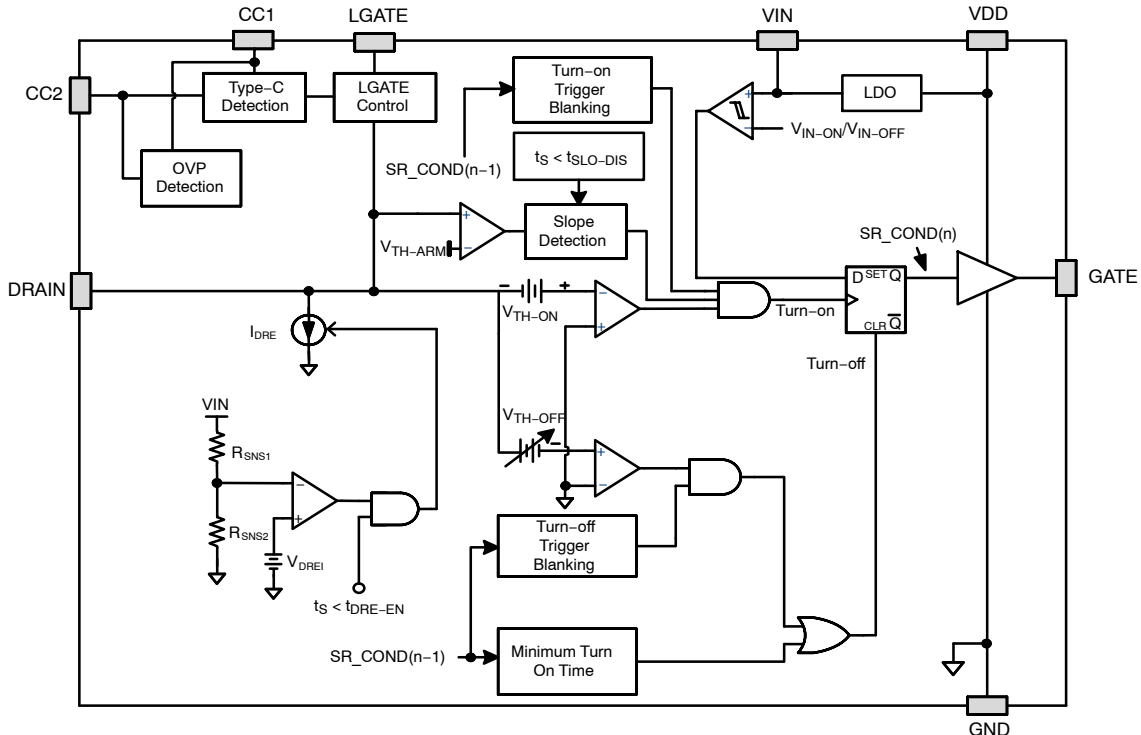


Figure 2. FAN6292C Function Block Diagram

FAN6292CMX

Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin #	Name	Description
1	DRAIN	Synchronous rectifier drain sense input.
2	LGATE	Load switch controlling.
3	VIN	Input voltage pin. This pin is connected to the output of the adaptor to monitor its output voltage and supply internal bias. IC operating current, and MOSFET gate drive current are supplied through this pin.
4	CC1	Configuration Channel 1. This pin is used to detect connections of Type-C cables and connectors. It is tied to the USB-C CC1.
5	CC2	Configuration Channel 2. This pin is used to detect connections of Type-C cables and connectors. It is tied to the USB-C CC2.
6	VDD	Internal regulator 5 V output and gate drive power supply rail. Bypass with 1uF capacitor to GND.
7	GATE	Gate driver output.
8	GND	Ground.

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{IN}	Power Supply Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 20	V
V _{DRAIN}	Drain Sense Pin Voltage	-1 to 65	V
V _{LGATE}	LGATE PIN Voltage	-0.3 to 20	V
V _{DD}	Internal Regulator Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V _{GATE}	Gate Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V _{CC1}	CC1 Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 6.0	V
V _{CC2}	CC2 Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 6.0	V
P _D	Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	0.651	W
T _J	Operation Junction Temperature	-40 to 125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-60 to 150	°C
T _L	Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 Seconds	260	°C
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability – Charged Device Model (CDM)	0.5	kV
	Electrostatic Discharge Capability – Human Body Model (HBM)	2	

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to the GND pin.
2. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.
3. Meets JEDEC standards JS-001-2012 and JESD 22-C101.

Table 3. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Unit
θ _{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Impedance	150.9	°C/W
θ _{JT}	Junction-to-Top Thermal Impedance	13.4	°C/W

4. T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified.

Table 4. RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGES

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DRAIN}	Drain Pin Voltage	-1	60	V
V _{IN}	VIN Pin Voltage	3.5	20	V
V _{LGATE}	LGATE Pin Voltage	0	19.5	V
V _{GATE}	GATE Pin Voltage	0	5.5	V

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Table 4. RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGES (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	VDD Pin Voltage	3.1	5.5	V
V _{CC1/V_{CC2}}	CC1/CC2 Pin Voltage	0	5.8	V

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{IN} = 5.5 V and T_A = -40°C to 125°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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VDD SECTION

V _{IN-ON}	Turn-On Threshold	V _{IN} rising	3.06	3.15	3.25	V
V _{IN-OFF}	Turn-Off Threshold	V _{IN} falling	2.78	2.9	3.05	V
I _{IN-OP}	Operating Current	f _{SW} = 100 kHz, C _{GATE} = 3.3 nF, V _{IN} = 5 V		2.5	3.2	mA

POWER SUPPLY SECTION

V _{DD}	Internal LDO Output Voltage	V _{IN} = 20 V	5.0	5.25	5.5	V
V _{DO}	Dropout Voltage of LDO	I _{OUT} = 10 mA, V _{IN} = 3.3 V			0.3	V

DRAIN VOLTAGE SENSING SECTION

V _{OSI}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage (Note 5)	Internal Design Suggestion	-1	0	1	mV
V _{TH-ON}	Turn-On Threshold Voltage	R _{DRAIN} = 0 Ω (includes comparator input offset voltage)	-250	-200	-150	mV
t _{SLO-DIS}	Slope Detection Disable Criteria (Note 7)		53	58	63	μs
t _{SLO-HYS}	Slope Detection Disable Criteria Hysteresis (Note 5)			8		μs
t _{ON-DLY}	Turn On Delay (Note 5)	With 50 mV overdrive From V _{TH-ON} to Gate voltage over 1 V		20		ns
V _{TH-OFF}	Turn-Off Threshold Tuning Range		-5		5	mV
t _{OFF-DLY}	Comparator Delay for V _{TH-OFF} (Note 5)	With 0 mV overdrive From V _{TH-OFF} to Gate voltage equal 1 V		20		ns
V _{TH-ARM}	Gate Re-arming Threshold	V _{IN} = 5 V (typically 0.7 V _{DD})	3.3	3.5	3.7	V
t _{ARM}	Gate Re-arming Time for Slope Detection (Note 5)		70	85	100	ns
V _{TH-HGH}	Slope Detection High Threshold (Note 5)		0.4	0.5	0.6	V

MINIMUM ON-TIME AND MINIMUM OFF-TIME SECTION

t _{ON-MIN}	Minimum On-Time	t _S < (t _{SLO-DIS} - t _{SLO-HYS})	2.16	2.4	2.64	μs
t _{ON-MIN-L}	Minimum On-Time at Light Load	t _S ≥ t _{SLO-DIS}	1.50	1.65	1.80	μs
N _{ON-MIN-ST}	Minimum t _{ON} Cycles during Start-up			3		Cycles
t _{OFF-MIN-L}	Minimum Off-Time (Note 6)	t _S < (t _{SLO-DIS} - t _{SLO-HYS})	1.53	1.70	1.87	μs
t _{OFF-MIN-H}	Minimum On-Time at Light Load (Note 6)	t _S ≥ t _{SLO-DIS}	3.6	4	4.4	μs

DEAD TIME CONTROL SECTION

t _{DEAD}	Dead Time Self-Tuning Target (Note 5)	From GATE OFF to V _{DRAIN} rising above 0.5 V	170	200	230	ns
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Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$ and $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
TYPE-C SECTION						
$V_{LGATE-ON}$	Drain Pin Threshold Voltage for LGATE Turn On		6.8	7.5	8.2	V
I_{P-CC1}	Source Current on CC1 Pin	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC1} = 0\text{ V}$	304	330	356	μA
I_{P-CC2}	Source Current on CC2 Pin	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC2} = 0\text{ V}$	304	330	356	μA
$Z_{OPEN-CC1}$	Input Impedance on CC1 Pin		126			$\text{k}\Omega$
$Z_{OPEN-CC2}$	Input Impedance on CC2 Pin		126			$\text{k}\Omega$
V_{RA-CC1}	Ra Impedance Detection Threshold on CC1 Pin	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC2} = 0\text{ V}$, decreasing V_{CC1}	0.75	0.80	0.85	V
V_{RA-CC2}	Ra Impedance Detection Threshold on CC2 Pin	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC1} = 0\text{ V}$, decreasing V_{CC2}	0.75	0.80	0.85	V
V_{RD-CC1}	Rd Impedance Detection Threshold on CC1 Pin	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC2} = 0\text{ V}$, increasing V_{CC1}	2.45	2.60	2.75	V
V_{RD-CC2}	Rd Impedance Detection Threshold on CC2 Pin	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC1} = 0\text{ V}$, increasing V_{CC2}	2.45	2.60	2.75	V
$t_{CC-Detach-Debounce}$	UFP Detachment Debounce Time	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC2} = 0\text{ V}$, decreasing V_{CC1}	10	15	20	ms
$t_{CC-Attach-Debounce}$	UFP Attachment Debounce Time	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, V_{CC2} = 0\text{ V}$, increasing V_{CC1}	100	150	200	ms
V_{INGATE}	LGATE High Voltage for Load Switch Control	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	8		11	V

DRE SECTION

V_{DRE}	VIN Pin DRE Function Trigger Level (Note 6)	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V} \rightarrow 4.5\text{ V}$	4.68	4.78	4.85	V
t_{DREI}	DRE Current Sinking Period (Note 5)	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V} \rightarrow 4.5\text{ V}$	1.2	1.5	1.8	μs
t_{DRE-EN}	DRE Enable Period	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V} \rightarrow 4.5\text{ V}$	64	72	80	μs
t_{RE-ARM}	DRE Re-arm Period	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V} \rightarrow 4.5\text{ V}$		4		μs
I_{DRE}	DRE Sinking Current	Maximum I_{DRE} cycle are 14 every gate switching cycles	50			mA

OUTPUT DRIVER SECTION

V_{OL}	Gate Low Voltage	$V_{IN} = 6\text{ V}$			0.25	V
V_{OH}	Gate High Voltage	$V_{IN} = 6\text{ V}$	4.9			V
t_R	Gate Rise Time	$V_{IN} = 6\text{ V}, C_L = 3300\text{ pF}$, GATE = 1 V \rightarrow 4 V			90	ns
t_F	Gate Fall Time	$V_{IN} = 6\text{ V}, C_L = 3300\text{ pF}$, GATE = 4 V \rightarrow 1 V			30	ns

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

5. Guaranteed by Design.

6. Specification operation temperature range -5°C to 85°C .

7. Specification operation temperature range -5°C to 50°C .

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

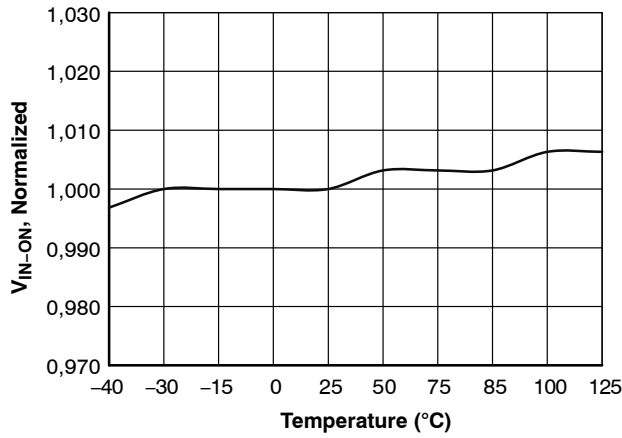


Figure 3. Turn-On Threshold Voltage (V_{IN-ON}) vs. Temperature

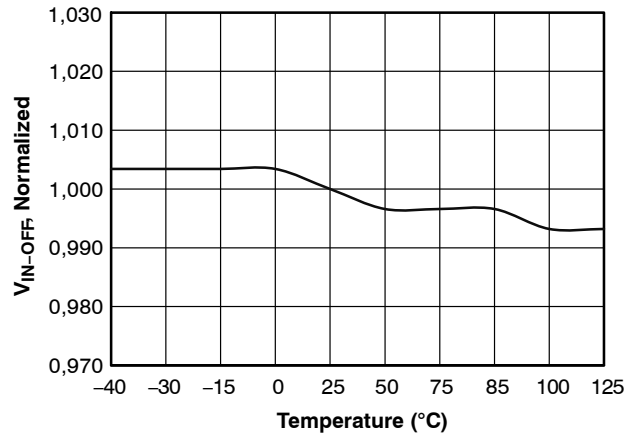


Figure 4. Turn-Off Threshold Voltage (V_{IN-OFF}) vs. Temperature

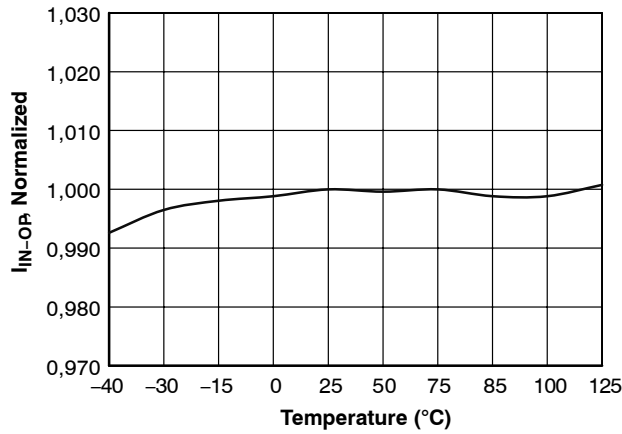


Figure 5. Operating Supply Current (I_{IN-OP}) vs. Temperature

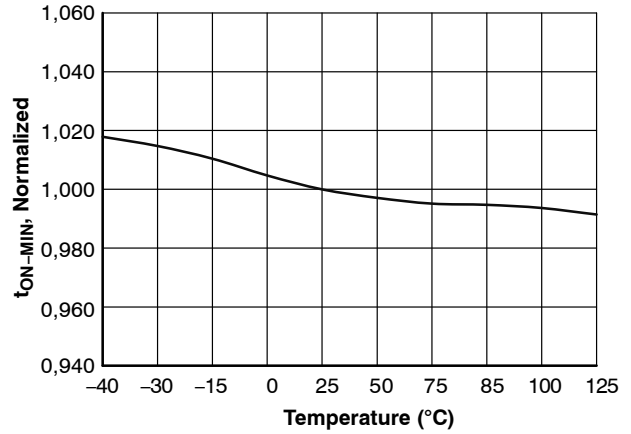


Figure 6. Minimum On Time (t_{ON-MIN}) vs. Temperature

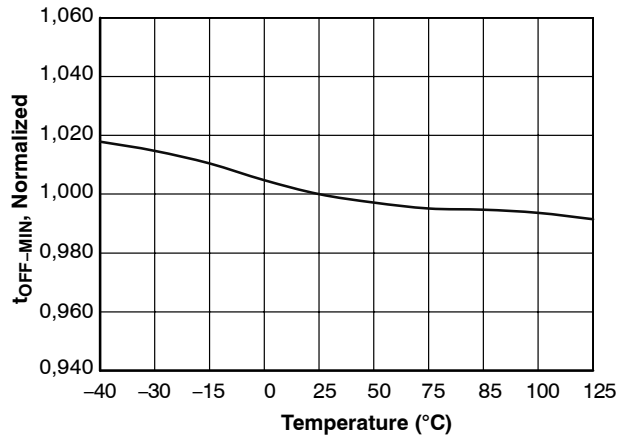


Figure 7. Minimum Gate Turn Off Time ($t_{OFF-MIN}$) vs. Temperature

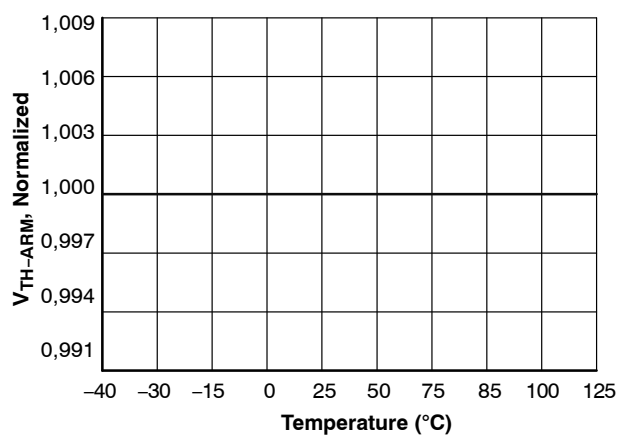


Figure 8. Gate Turn On Threshold Voltage (V_{TH-ARM}) vs. Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

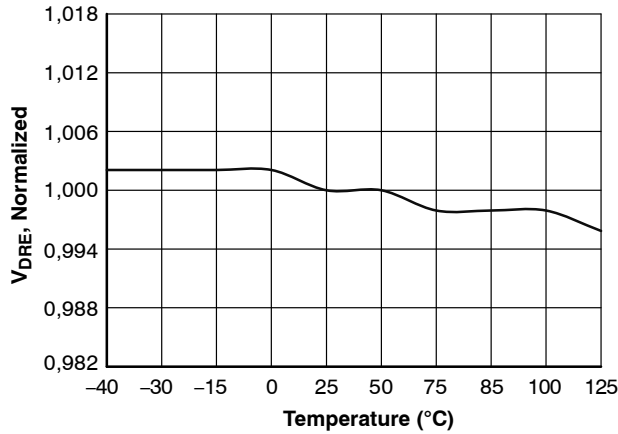


Figure 9. VIN Pin DRE Function Trigger Level (V_{DRE}) vs. Temperature

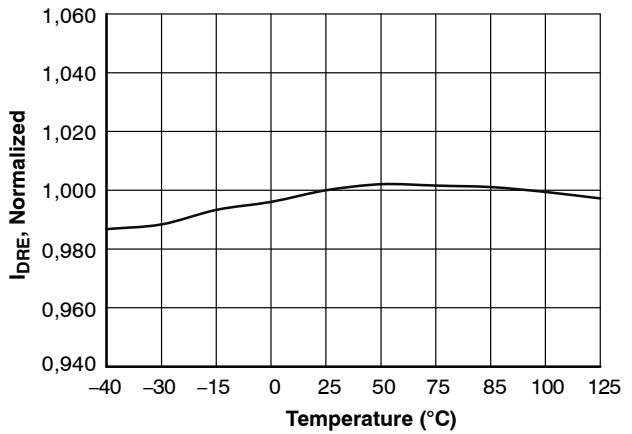


Figure 10. Drain Pin Sinking Current for DRE Triggered (I_{DRE}) vs. Temperature

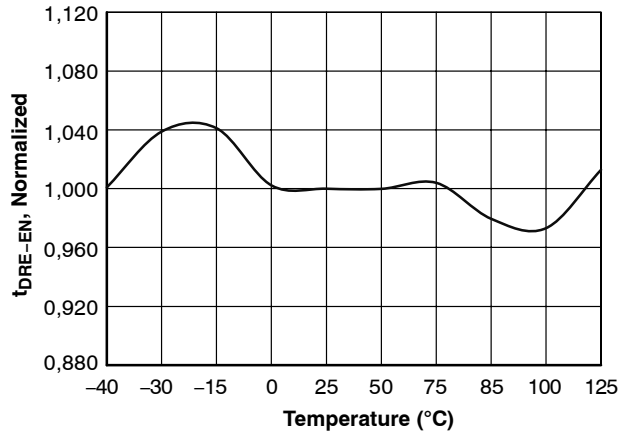


Figure 11. DRE Function Enable Period (t_{DRE-EN}) vs. Temperature

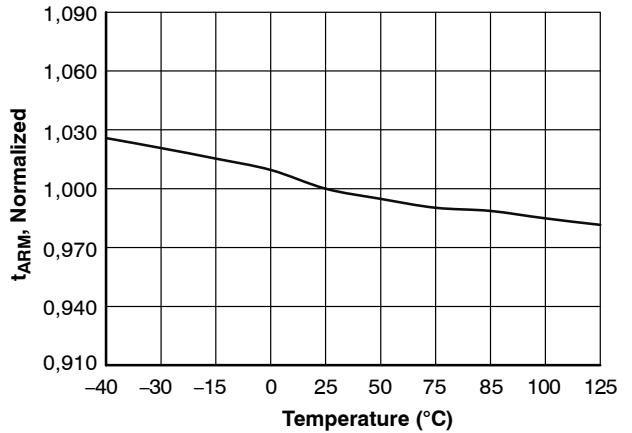


Figure 12. Gate Re-Arming Time for Slope Detection (t_{ARM}) vs. Temperature

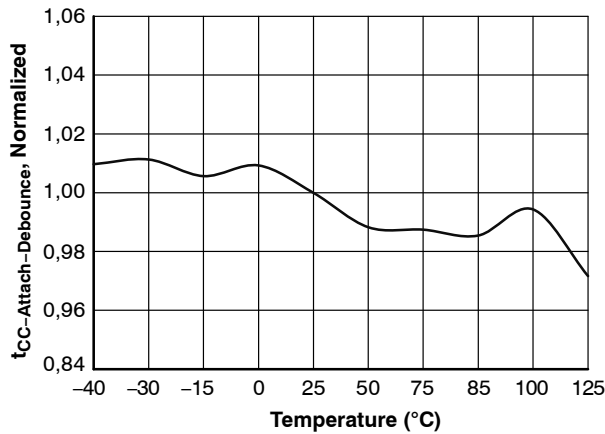


Figure 13. UFP Attachment Debounce Time ($t_{CC-Attach-Debounce}$) vs. Temperature

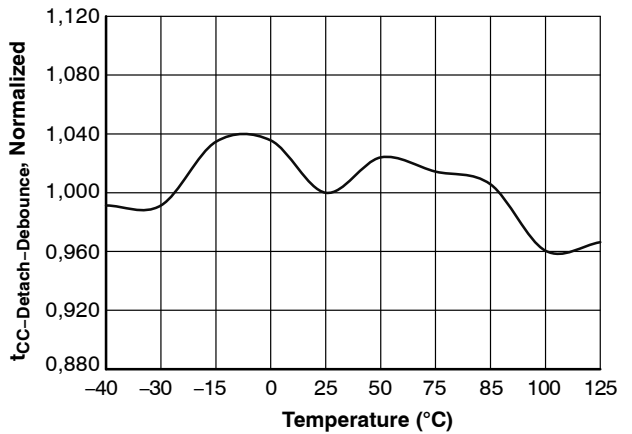


Figure 14. UFP Detachment Debounce Time ($t_{CC-Detach-Debounce}$) vs. Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

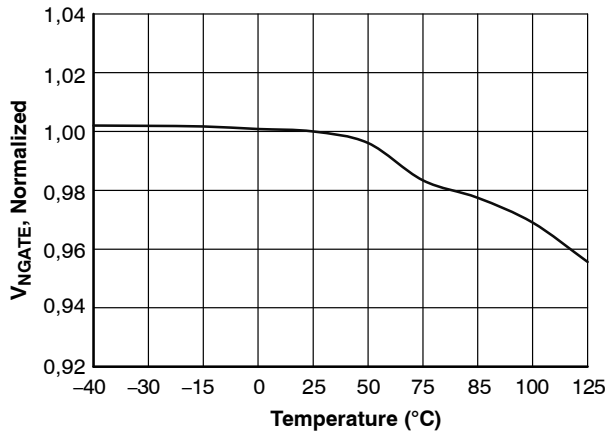


Figure 15. LGATE High Level Voltage (V_{NGATE}) vs. Temperature

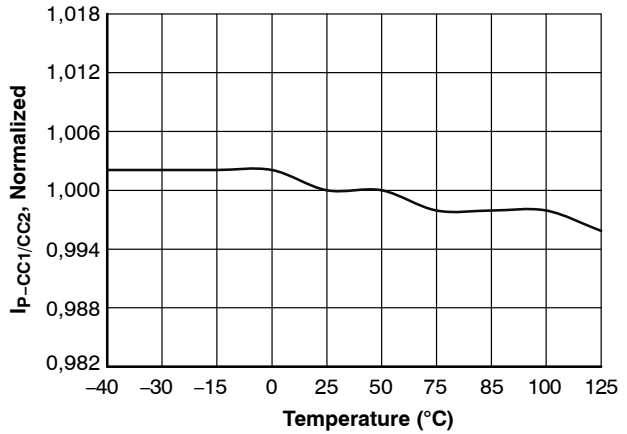


Figure 16. Source Current on CC1/CC2 Pin (I_{P-CC1/CC2}) vs. Temperature

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Overview

For an ideal circuit operation, the SR control algorithm of FAN6292C is very straightforward. FAN6292C controls the SR MOSFET based on the instantaneous Drain-to-Source voltage as illustrated in Figure 17. When the body diode starts conducting, the drain-to-source voltage drops below the turn-on threshold (V_{TH-ON}) which triggers the turn-on of the gate. Then the product of R_{DS-ON} and instantaneous SR current determines the Drain-to-Source voltage. When the drain-to-source voltage reaches the turn-off threshold (V_{TH-OFF}) as SR MOSFET current decreases to near zero, FAN6292C turns off the gate. If the turn off threshold (V_{TH-OFF}) is very close to zero, the turn off dead time can be minimized.

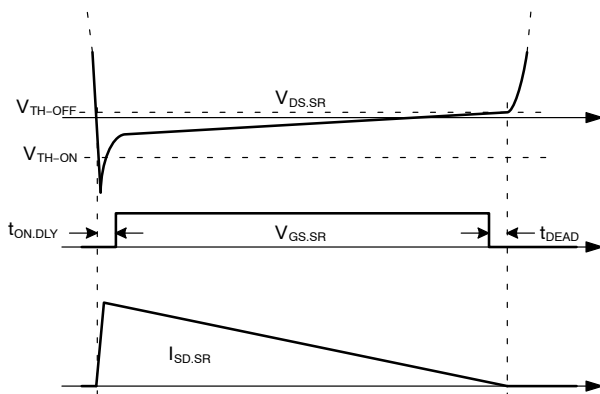


Figure 17. SR MOSFET Operation Waveforms (Ideal Case)

SR Turn-On Algorithm

As the diagram shown in Figure 18, the turn-on of SR GATE is triggered by the three input signals of AND gate. The first input signal is TURN_ON_ALLOW signal, which is given after t_{OFF-MIN} from the falling edge of V_{GS,SR} signal. The second input is the TURN_ON_TRG signal, which is enabled after DRAIN pin voltage drops below V_{TH-ON}. The third signal is t_{ARM} which allows turn-on trigger only when SR drain voltage drops fast with a large slope, preventing SR from triggering by the drain resonance voltage in DCM operation.

SR Turn-Off Algorithm

As diagram shown in Figure 19, the turn-off of SR GATE is triggered by turn off signal, which is enabled when V_{DS,SR} > V_{TH-OFF}.

FAN6292CMX

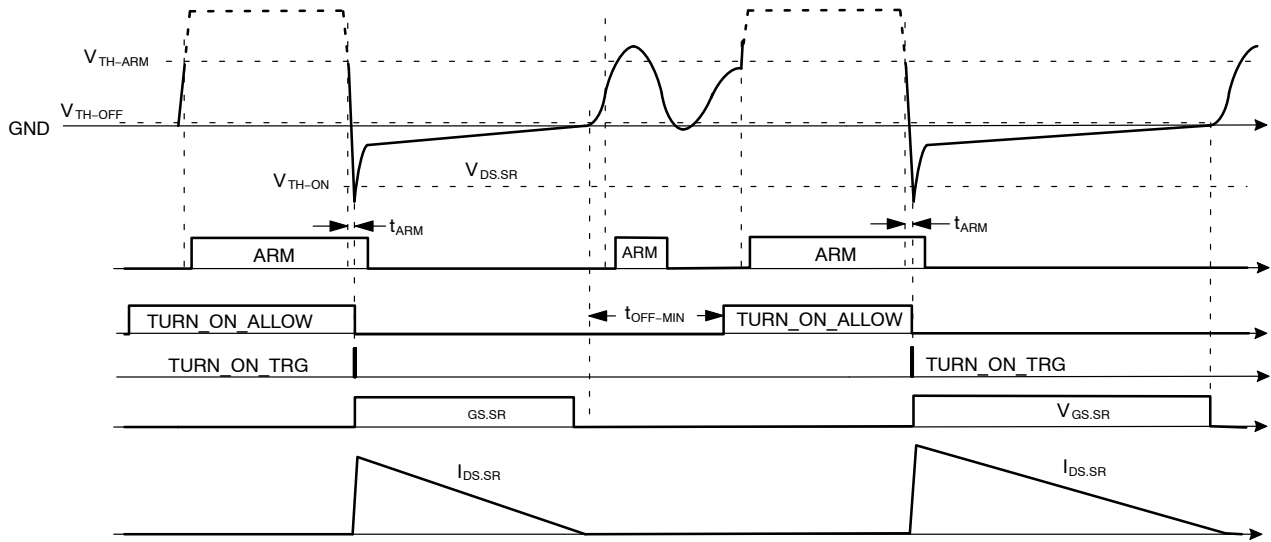


Figure 18. SR Turn-On Algorithm

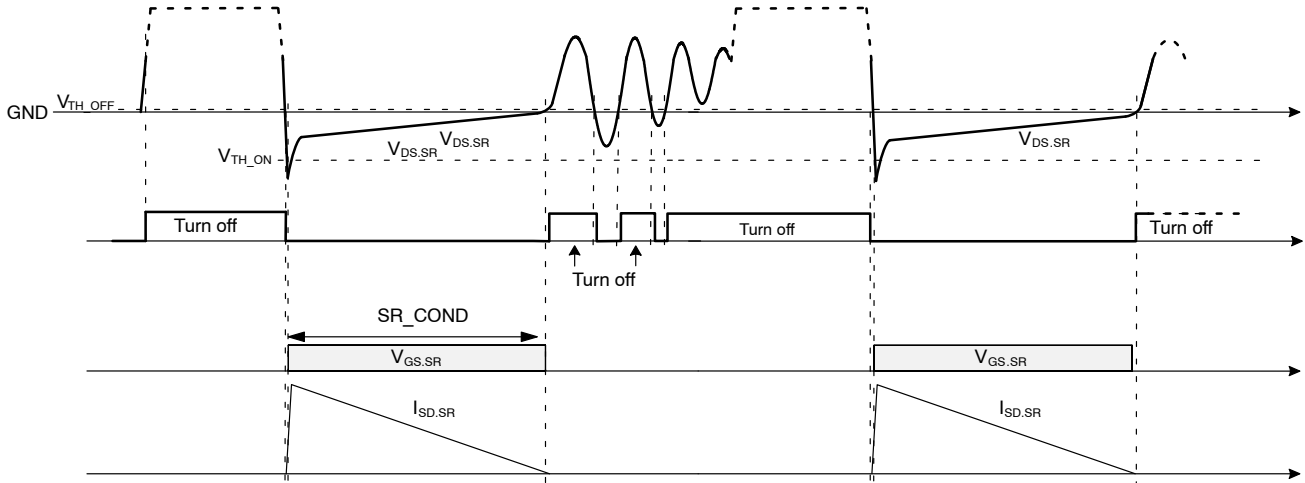


Figure 19. SR Turn-Off Algorithm

Slope Detection

FAN6292C checks SR drain voltage falling slope to distinguish primary FET off instant from the resonant curve. Continuously sees the time gap between SR drain voltage touches V_{TH-ARM} and V_{TH-ON} , this is compared with the internal fixed time of t_{ARM} , gate is only turn on when the time gap is less than t_{ARM} described at Figure 20.

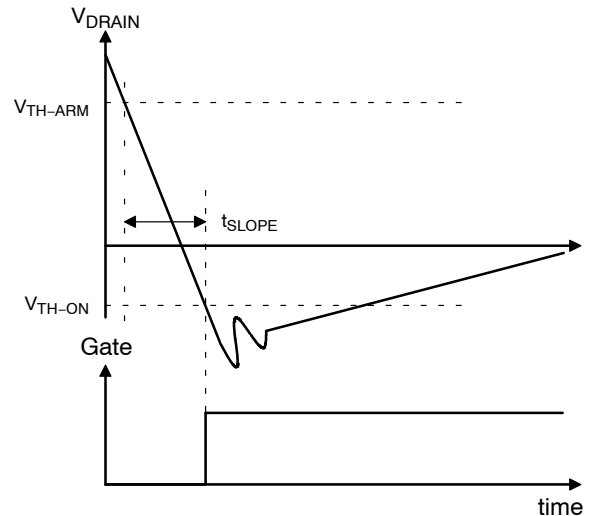


Figure 20. Slope Detection Timing Chart

Slope detection is good for identification SR on instance from the resonance, however, system configuration may give huge impact on the SR drain voltage so slope detection is not always good way for gate ON identification especially at light load. Due to this at light load, slope detection is enabled or disabled depend on period of Gate switching cycles (t_s) as below:

- $t_s < (t_{SLO-DIS} - t_{SLO-HYS})$: continually enable slope detection when t_s is decreasing
- $t_s \geq t_{SLO-DIS}$: basically slope detection is disabled and only enabled after gate rising edge until end of t_{DRE-EN} when t_s increasing

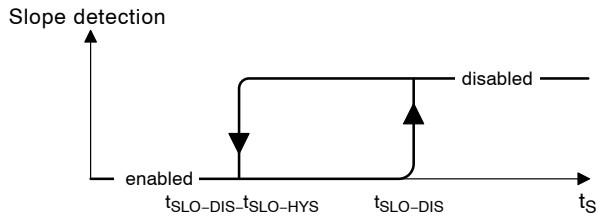


Figure 21. Slope Detect Enable/Disable Depend on t_s

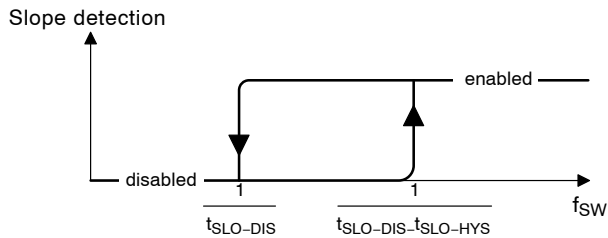


Figure 22. Slope Detect Enable/Disable Depend on f_{sw}

Gate Turn-On

FAN6292C turns on SR FET according to the voltage across SR drain and primary switching period of t_s . Depending on the t_s , gate turn on criteria is different and it is as below:

- $t_s < t_{SLO-DIS}$: SR FET ON when both (a) and (b) meet:
 - (a) V_{DRAIN} falling time from V_{TH-ARM} to V_{TH-ON} is less than t_{ARM}
 - (b) $V_{DRAIN} \leq V_{TH-ON}$
- $t_s < (t_{SLO-DIS} - t_{SLO-HYS})$: SR FET ON when meet: $V_{DRAIN} \leq V_{TH-ON}$

Gate Turn-On Blanking Time

FAN6292C supports Primary Side Regulation (PSR) operation with Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM) and Boundary Conduction Mode (BCM) and the typical operating of Quasi-Resonant valley switching to make the best balance between efficiency and Electro Magnetic Interference (EMI).

Together with slope detection, FAN6292C has a GATE turn on blanking time to avoid SR FET mis-triggered turn on at the first Quasi-Resonant cycle. Blanking time lengths depend on last Gate-to-Gate pulse period. The resonance period is decided by the parasitic capacitance summed at primary side and magnetizing inductance and normally is fixed once system configured but this changes as load changes, typically getting longer as load decreases. This is caused by the parasitic capacitances varies depending on voltage and stored energy at the transformer.

To corresponds this change, FAN6292C adjust minimum OFF time ($t_{OFF-MIN}$) depend on loading condition. Similar as slope detection, when t_s is shorter than $t_{SLO-DIS}$, $t_{OFF-MIN}$ becomes $t_{OFF-MIN-H}$ and when t_s is longer than $t_{SLO-DIS}$ with a hysteresis then $t_{OFF-MIN}$ becomes $t_{OFF-MIN-L}$.

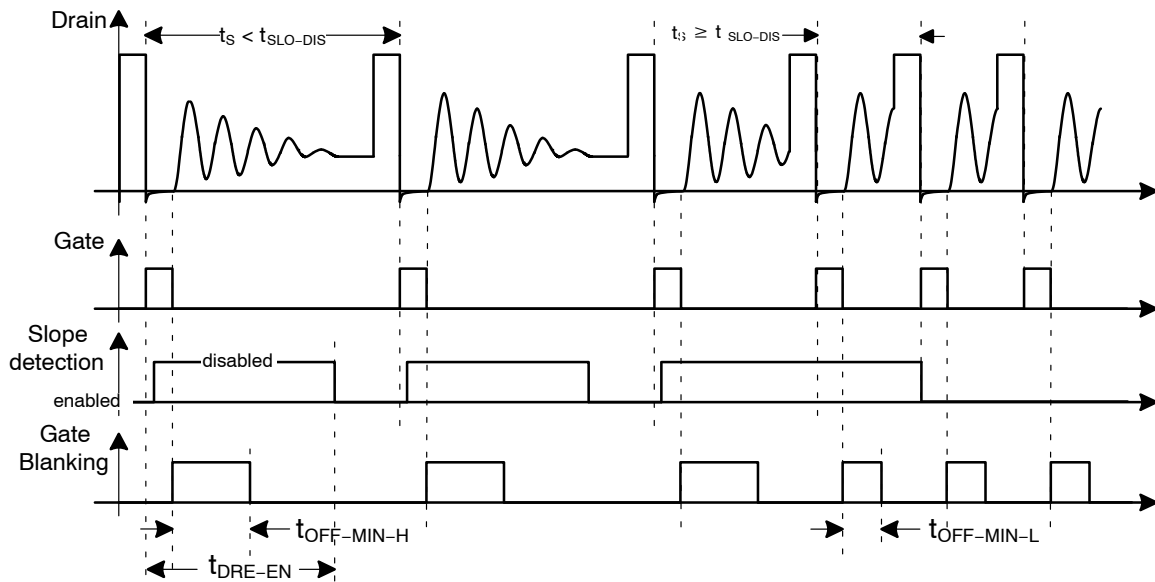


Figure 23. SR Conduction Timing Chart

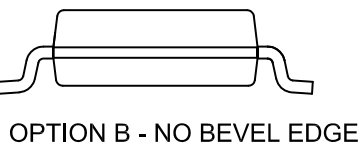
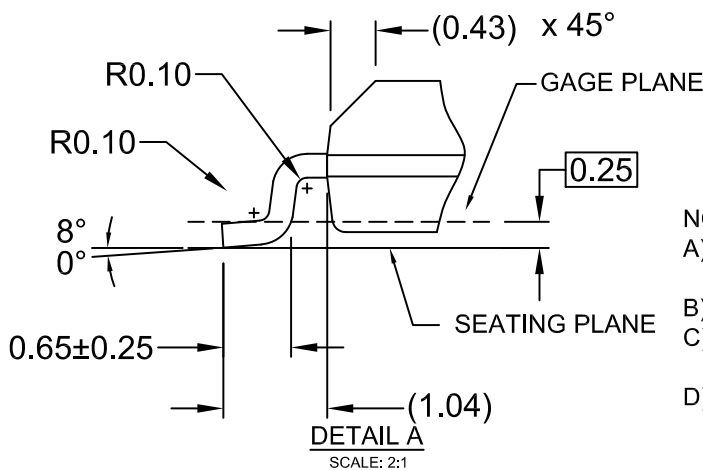
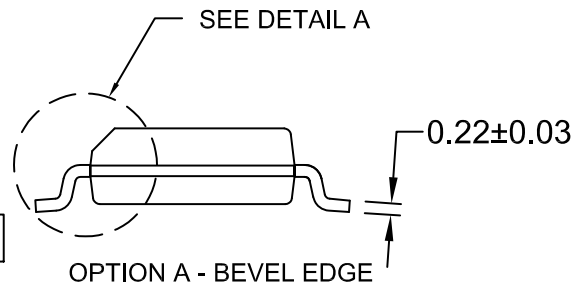
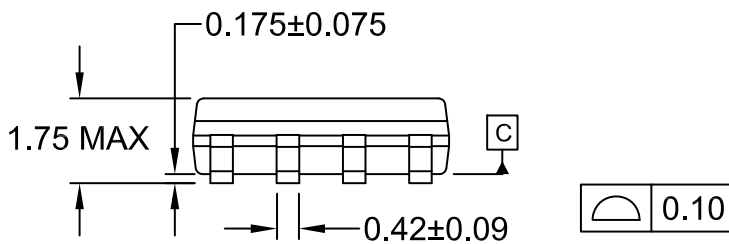
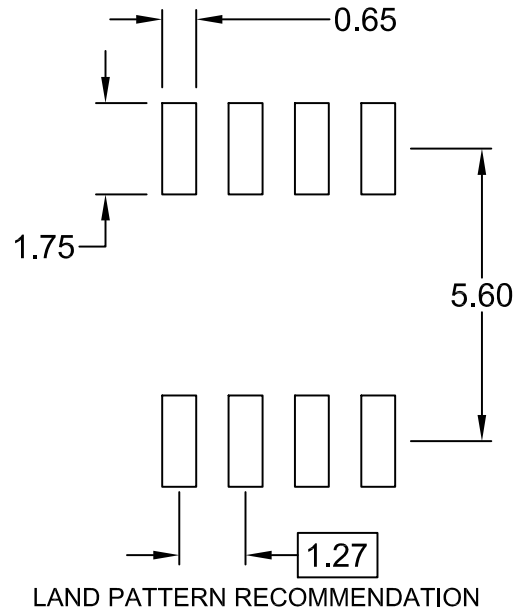
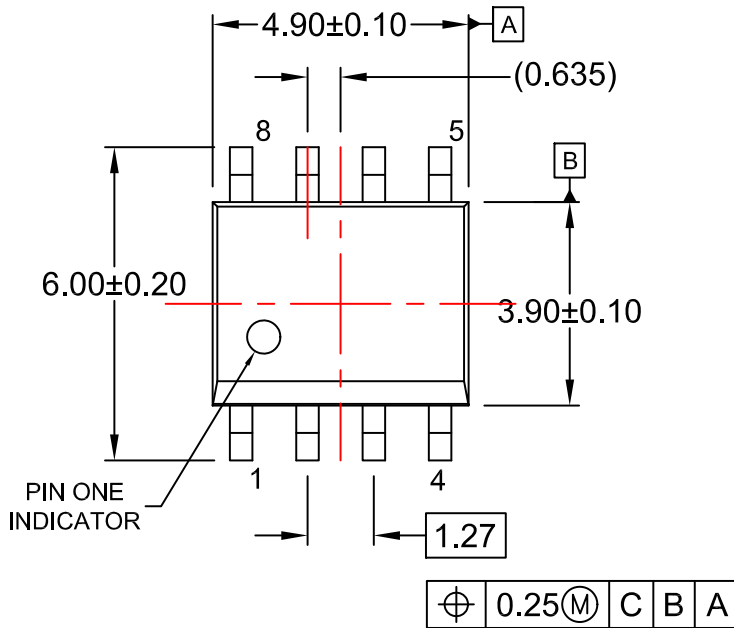
MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

ON Semiconductor®



SOIC8
CASE 751EB
ISSUE A

DATE 24 AUG 2017



- NOTES:
 A) THIS PACKAGE CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-012, VARIATION AA.
 B) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 C) DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR BURRS.
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