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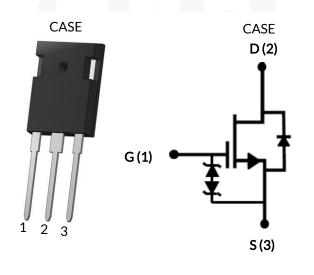


Silicon Carbide (SiC) Cascode JFET -EliteSiC, Power N-Channel, TO-247-3L, 750 V, 23 mohm

Rev. C, January 2025

DATASHEET

UJ4C075023K3S



Part Number	Package	Marking
UJ4C075023K3S	TO-247-3L	UJ4C075023K3S



Description

The UJ4C075023K3S is a 750V, $23m\Omega$ G4 SiC FET. It is based on a unique 'cascode' circuit configuration, in which a normally-on SiC JFET is co-packaged with a Si MOSFET to produce a normally-off SiC FET device. The device's standard gate-drive characteristics allows for a true "drop-in replacement" to Si IGBTs, Si FETs, SiC MOSFETs or Si superjunction devices. Available in the TO-247-3L package, this device exhibits ultra-low gate charge and exceptional reverse recovery characteristics, making it ideal for switching inductive loads and any application requiring standard gate drive.

Features

- On-resistance R_{DS(on)}: 23mΩ (typ)
- Operating temperature: 175°C (max)
- Excellent reverse recovery: Q_{rr} = 84nC
- Low body diode V_{FSD}: 1.23V
- Low gate charge: Q_G = 37.8nC
- Threshold voltage $V_{G(th)}$: 4.8V (typ) allowing 0 to 15V drive
- Low intrinsic capacitance
- ESD protected: HBM class 2 and CDM class C3

Typical applications

- EV charging
- PV inverters
- Switch mode power supplies
- Power factor correction modules
- Motor drives
- Induction heating





Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Units
Drain-source voltage	V _{DS}		750	V
Cata agurag valtaga	V	DC	-20 to +20	V
Gate-source voltage	V _{GS}	AC (f > 1Hz)	-25 to +25	V
Carting and the instant of the	1	T _C = 25°C	66	А
Continuous drain current ¹	I _D	T _C = 100°C	49	А
Pulsed drain current ²	I _{DM}	T _C = 25°C	196	А
Single pulsed avalanche energy ³	E _{AS}	L=15mH, I _{AS} =3A	67	mJ
SiC FET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	$V_{DS} \le 500V$	150	V/ns
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _C = 25°C	306	W
Maximum junction temperature	T _{J,max}		175	°C
Operating and storage temperature	T _J , T _{STG}		-55 to 175	°C
Max. lead temperature for soldering, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	TL		250	°C

1. Limited by $T_{J,max}$

2. Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{J,max}$

3. Starting $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Units
Parameter			Min	Тур	Max	Units
Thermal resistance, junction-to-case	$R_{\theta JC}$			0.38	0.49	°C/W





Electrical Characteristics (T_J = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Typical Performance - Static

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			L lostes
			Min	Тур	Max	- Units
Drain-source breakdown voltage	BV _{DS}	V _{GS} =0V, I _D =1mA	750			V
Total drain leakage current		V _{DS} =750V, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =25°C		2	30	- μΑ
	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} =750V, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =175°C		15		
Total gate leakage current	I _{GSS}	V _{DS} =0V, T _J =25°C, V _{GS} =-20V / +20V		6	±20	μA
Drain-source on-resistance	R _{DS(on)}	V _{GS} =12V, I _D =40A, T _J =25°C		23	29	
		V _{GS} =12V, I _D =40A, T _J =125°C		39		mΩ
		V _{GS} =12V, I _D =40A, T _J =175°C		50		1
Gate threshold voltage	V _{G(th)}	V_{DS} =5V, I_{D} =10mA	4	4.8	6	V
Gate resistance	R _G	f=1MHz, open drain		4.5		Ω

Typical Performance - Reverse Diode

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Units
			Min	Тур	Max	Units
Diode continuous forward current ¹	ا _s	T _C = 25°C			66	А
Diode pulse current ²	I _{S,pulse}	T _C = 25°C			196	А
Forward voltage	V _{FSD}	V _{GS} =0V, I _S =20A, T _J =25°C		1.23	1.39	V
For ward voltage		V _{GS} =0V, I _S =20A, T _J =175°C		1.45		
Reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}	V_R =400V, I _S =40A, V_{GS} =0V, R _{G_EXT} =5 Ω		84		nC
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}	di/dt=1500A/μs, Τ _J =25°C		27		ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}	V_R =400V, I _S =40A, V_{GS} =0V, R _{G_EXT} =5 Ω		91		nC
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}	di/dt=1500A/µs, Tj=150°C		28		ns





Typical Performance - Dynamic

Deremeter	Course la sel	Test Conditions	Value			Linite
Parameter	Symbol	lest Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	- Units
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	- V _{DS} =400V, V _{GS} =0V		1400		
Output capacitance	C _{oss}	- f=100kHz -		93		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}			2.5		
Effective output capacitance, energy related	C _{oss(er)}	V_{DS} =0V to 400V, V_{GS} =0V		116		pF
Effective output capacitance, time related	C _{oss(tr)}	$V_{DS}=0V$ to 400V, $V_{GS}=0V$		232		pF
C _{OSS} stored energy	E _{oss}	V _{DS} =400V, V _{GS} =0V		9.3		μJ
Total gate charge	Q _G	– V _{DS} =400V, I _D =40A, –		37.8		
Gate-drain charge	Q_{GD}	$V_{\rm DS} = 400 \text{V}, \text{ID} = 40 \text{A},$ - $V_{\rm GS} = 0 \text{V} \text{ to } 15 \text{V}$		8		nC
Gate-source charge	Q_{GS}	VGS 0V 10 15V		11.8		
Turn-on delay time	t _{d(on)}	Notes 4 and 5, V _{DS} =400V, I _D =40A, Gate		10		
Rise time	t _r			49		nc
Turn-off delay time	t _{d(off)}	Driver =0V to +15V,		53		ns
Fall time	t _f	Turn-on $R_{G,EXT}=1\Omega$,		14		
Turn-on energy including R _s energy	E _{ON}	 Turn-off R_{G,EXT}=5Ω, inductive Load, FWD: 		455		
Turn-off energy including R _s energy	E _{OFF}	same device with V_{GS} = 0V		140		
Total switching energy	E _{TOTAL}	and $R_G = 5\Omega$, RC snubber:		595		μJ
Snubber R _s energy during turn-on	E _{RS_ON}	$- R_{s}=10\Omega \text{ and } C_{s}=200\text{pF}, - T_{1}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		4		
Snubber R_s energy during turn-off	E_{RS_OFF}			10		
Turn-on delay time	t _{d(on)}			15		
Rise time	t _r	Notes 4 and 5, V _{DS} =400V, I _D =40A, Gate		47		
Turn-off delay time	t _{d(off)}	$\frac{V_{DS}-400V, I_D-40A, Gate}{Driver = 0V to +15V,}$		51		ns
Fall time	t _f	Turn-on $R_{G,EXT}=1\Omega$,		14		-
Turn-on energy including R _s energy	E _{ON}	Turn-off $R_{G,EXT}=5\Omega$,		505		
Turn-off energy including R _s energy	E _{OFF}	$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{inductive Load, FWD: same} \\ \mbox{device with } V_{GS} = 0V \mbox{ and} \\ \mbox{R}_{G} = 5\Omega, RC \mbox{ snubber:} \end{array} $		157		
Total switching energy	E _{TOTAL}			662		μJ
Snubber R _s energy during turn-on	E _{RS_ON}	$- R_{s}=10\Omega \text{ and } C_{s}=200\text{pF}, - T_{l}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$		4		1
Snubber R _s energy during turn-off	E _{RS_OFF}			10		

4. Measured with the switching test circuit in Figure 35.

5. In this datasheet, all the switching energies (turn-on energy, turn-off energy and total energy) presented in the tables and Figures include the device RC snubber energy losses.





Typical Performance - Dynamic (continued)

Parameter	Complete	Test Canditians	Value			Linte
	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	- Units
Turn-on delay time	t _{d(on)}	Note 6, V _{DS} =400V, I _D =40A, Gate		10		- ns
Rise time	t _r			45		
Turn-off delay time	t _{d(off)}	Driver = $0V$ to +15V,		50		
Fall time	t _f	Turn-on $R_{G,EXT}=1\Omega$,		11		
Turn-on energy including R _S energy	E _{ON}	Turn-off R _{G,EXT} =5Ω, inductive Load, FWD: UJ3D06520TS, RC		366		
Turn-off energy including R _s energy	E _{OFF}			135]
Total switching energy	E _{TOTAL}	snubber: $R_s = 10\Omega$ and		501		μ
Snubber R _s energy during turn-on	E _{RS_ON}	– C _S =200pF, — T _I =25°C		4.4		
Snubber R _s energy during turn-off	E _{RS_OFF}			10		
Turn-on delay time	t _{d(on)}			10		
Rise time	t _r	Note 6, V _{DS} =400V, I _D =40A, Gate		47		
Turn-off delay time	t _{d(off)}	$\frac{V_{DS}-400V, I_D-40A, Gale}{Driver = 0V to +15V,}$		53		- ns
Fall time	t _f	Turn-on $R_{G,EXT}$ =1 Ω ,		17		
Turn-on energy including R _S energy	E _{ON}	Turn-off $R_{G,EXT}=5\Omega$, inductive Load, FWD:		450		
Turn-off energy including R _s energy	E _{OFF}	$C_{s}=200 \text{pF}, \\ T_{j}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$		157]
Total switching energy	E _{TOTAL}			607		μJ
Snubber R _s energy during turn-on	E _{RS_ON}			4.4		1
Snubber R _s energy during turn-off	E _{RS_OFF}			10		

6. Measured with the switching test circuit in Figure 36.





Typical Performance Diagrams

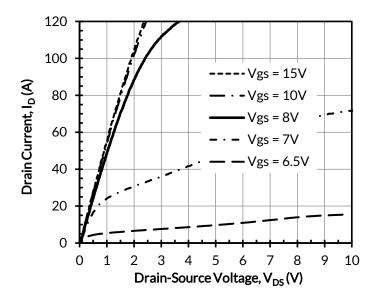


Figure 1. Typical output characteristics at T_J = - 55°C, tp < 250 μ s

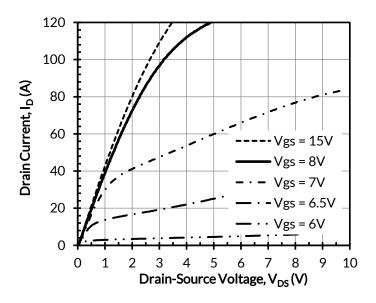


Figure 2. Typical output characteristics at T $_{\rm J}$ = 25°C, tp < 250 μs

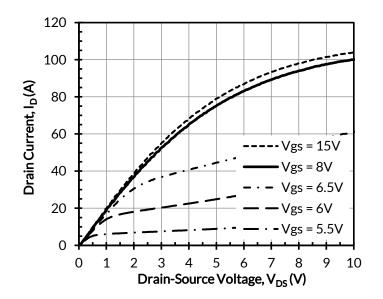


Figure 3. Typical output characteristics at T $_{\rm J}$ = 175°C, tp < 250 μs

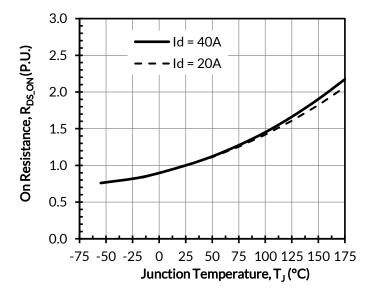


Figure 4. Normalized on-resistance vs. temperature at V_{GS} = 12V





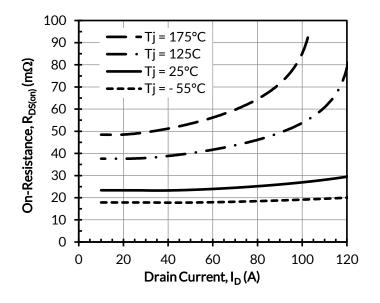


Figure 5. Typical drain-source on-resistances at V_{GS} = 12V

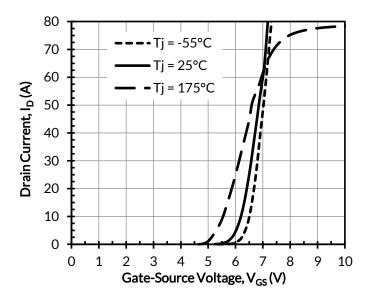


Figure 6. Typical transfer characteristics at V_{DS} = 5V

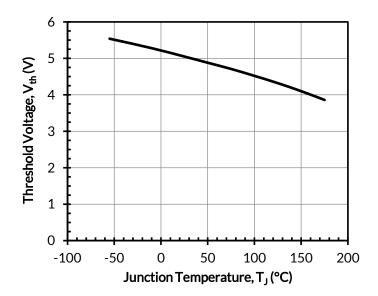


Figure 7. Threshold voltage vs. junction temperature at V_{DS} = 5V and I_{D} = 10mA

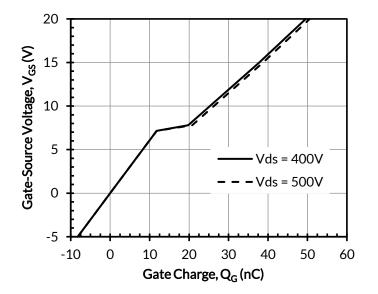
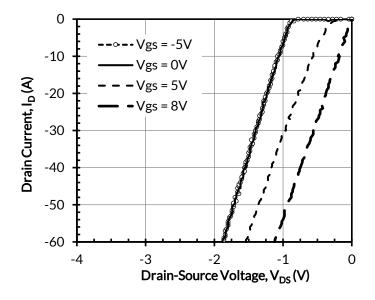
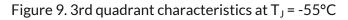


Figure 8. Typical gate charge at $I_D = 40A$









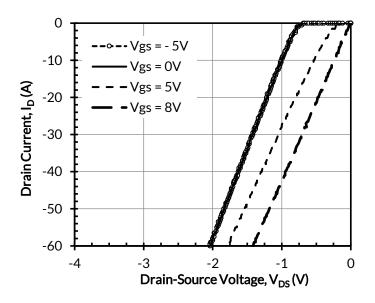


Figure 10. 3rd quadrant characteristics at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

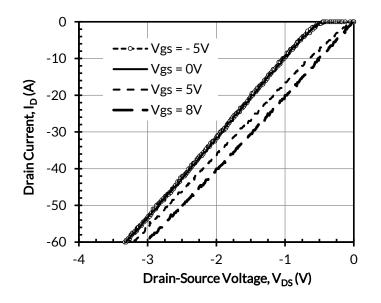


Figure 11. 3rd quadrant characteristics at T_J = 175°C

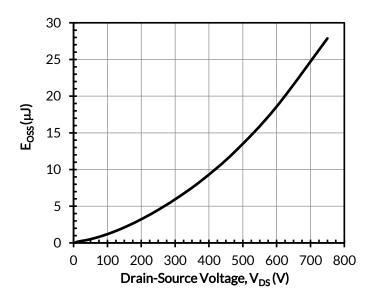


Figure 12. Typical stored energy in C_{OSS} at V_{GS} = 0V





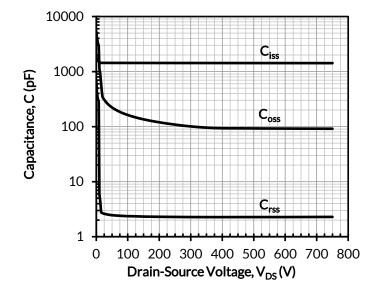


Figure 13. Typical capacitances at f = 100kHz and V_{GS} = 0V

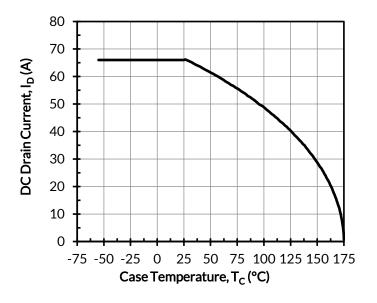


Figure 14. DC drain current derating

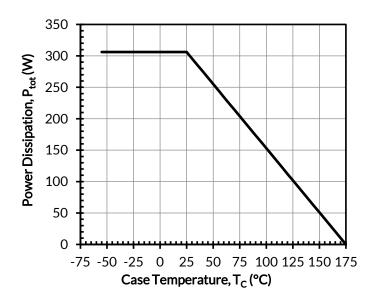


Figure 15. Total power dissipation

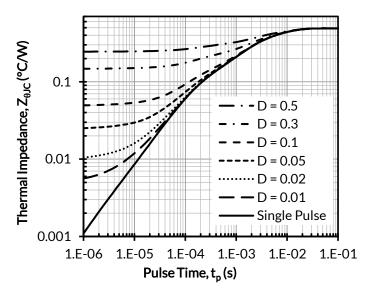


Figure 16. Maximum transient thermal impedance



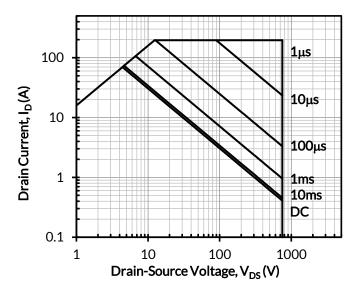
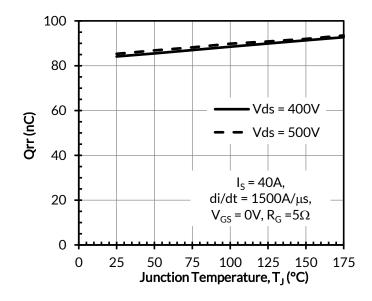


Figure 17. Safe operation area at T_C = 25°C, D = 0, Parameter t_p



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Figure 18. Reverse recovery charge Qrr vs. junction temperature

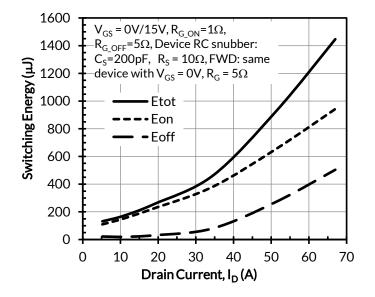


Figure 19. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 400V and T_J = 25°C

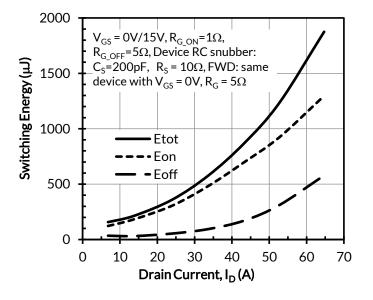


Figure 20. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 500V and T_J = 25°C





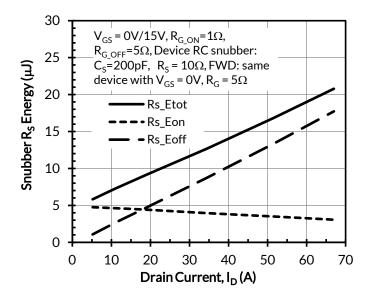


Figure 21. RC snubber energy loss vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 400V and T_J = 25°C

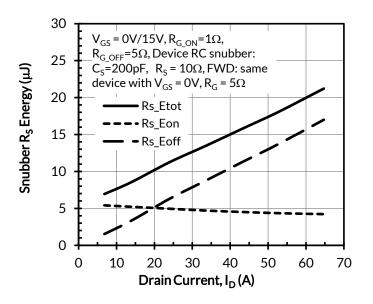


Figure 22. RC snubber energy losses vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 500V and T_J = 25°C

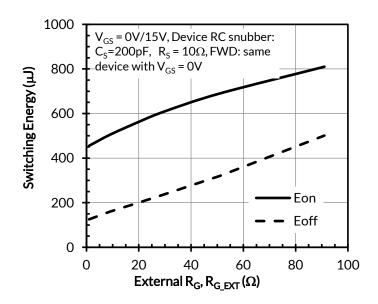


Figure 23. Clamped inductive switching energies vs. $R_{G,EXT}$ at V_{DS} = 400V, I_D = 40A, and T_J = 25°C

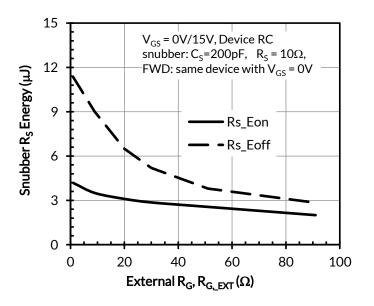
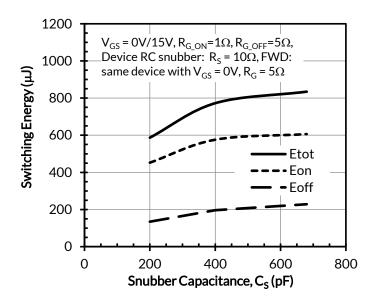
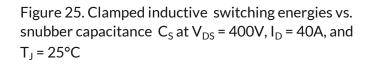


Figure 24. RC snubber energy losses vs. $R_{G,EXT}$ at V_{DS} = 400V, I_D = 40A, and T_J = 25°C









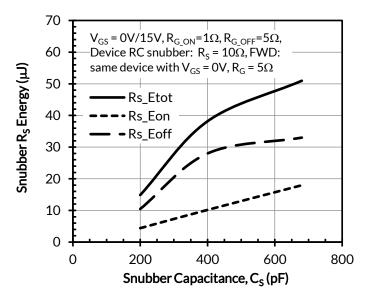


Figure 26. RC snubber energy losses vs. snubber capacitance C_s at V_{DS} = 400V, I_D = 40A, and T_J = 25°C

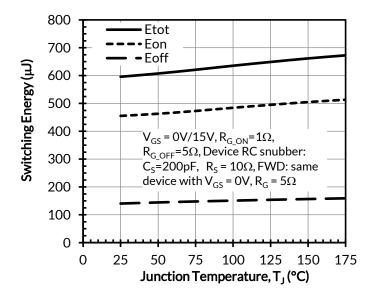


Figure 27. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. junction temperature at V_{DS} =400V and I_D = 40A

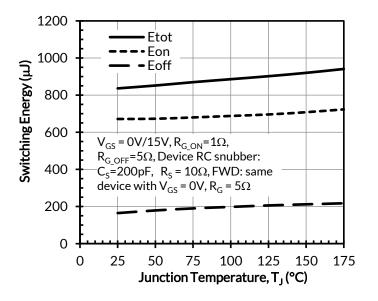


Figure 28. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. junction temperature at V_{DS} =500V and I_D = 40A





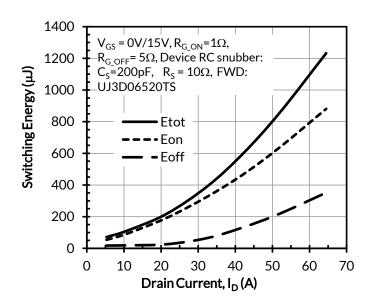


Figure 29. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 400V and T_J = 25°C

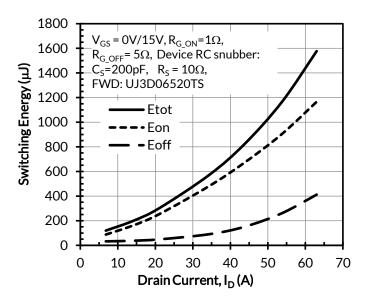


Figure 30. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 500V and T_J = 25°C

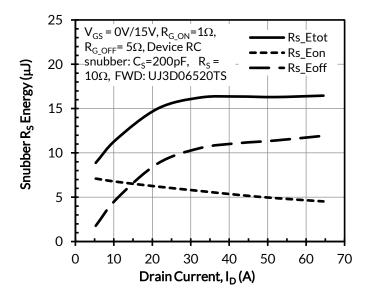


Figure 31. RC snubber energy losses vs. drain current at $V_{\rm DS}$ = 400V and $T_{\rm J}$ = 25°C

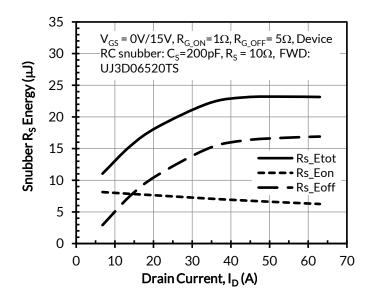


Figure 32. RC snubber energy losses vs. drain current at V_{DS} = 500V and T_J = 25°C





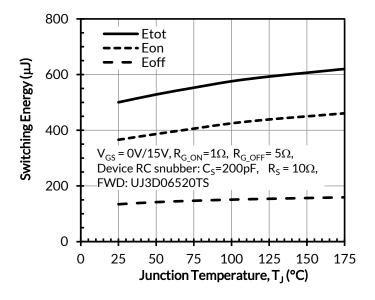


Figure 33. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. junction temperature at V_{DS} =400V and I_D = 40A

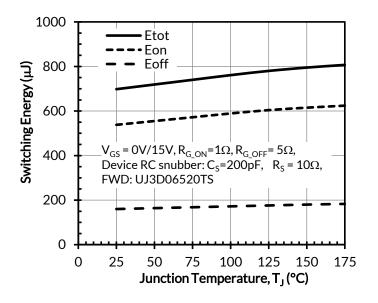


Figure 34. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. junction temperature at V_{DS} =500V and I_D = 40A

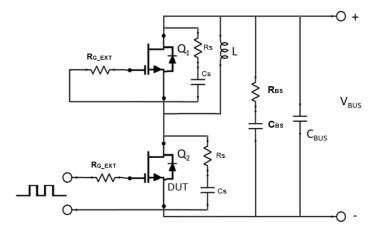


Figure 35. Schematic of the half-bridge mode switching test circuit. Note, a bus RC snubber ($R_{BS} = 2.5\Omega$, $C_{BS} = 100$ nF) is used to reduce the power loop high frequency oscillations.

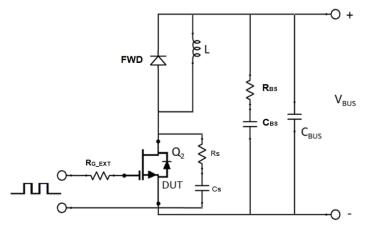


Figure 36. Schematic of the chopper mode switching test circuit. Note, a bus RC snubber ($R_{BS} = 2.5\Omega$, $C_{BS}=100$ nF) is used to reduce the power loop high frequency oscillations.





Applications Information

SiC FETs are enhancement-mode power switches formed by a high-voltage SiC depletion-mode JFET and a low-voltage silicon MOSFET connected in series. The silicon MOSFET serves as the control unit while the SiC JFET provides high voltage blocking in the off state. This combination of devices in a single package provides compatibility with standard gate drivers and offers superior performance in terms of low on-resistance ($R_{DS(on)}$), output capacitance (C_{oss}), gate charge (Q_G), and reverse recovery charge (Q_{rr}) leading to low conduction and switching losses. The SiC FETs also provide excellent reverse conduction capability eliminating the need for an external anti-parallel diode.

Like other high performance power switches, proper PCB layout design to minimize circuit parasitics is strongly recommended due to the high dv/dt and di/dt rates. An external gate resistor is recommended when the FET is working in the diode mode in order to achieve the optimum reverse recovery performance. For more information on SiC FET operation, see www.unitedsic.com.

A snubber circuit with a small $R_{(G)}$, or gate resistor, provides better EMI suppression with higher efficiency compared to using a high $R_{(G)}$ value. There is no extra gate delay time when using the snubber circuitry, and a small $R_{(G)}$ will better control both the turn-off $V_{(DS)}$ peak spike and ringing duration, while a high $R_{(G)}$ will damp the peak spike but result in a longer delay time. In addition, the total switching loss when using a snubber circuit is less than using high $R_{(G)}$, while greatly reducing $E_{(OFF)}$ from mid-to-full load range with only a small increase in $E_{(ON)}$. Efficiency will therefore improve with higher load current. For more information on how a snubber circuit will improve overall system performance, visit the UnitedSiC website at www.unitedsic.com

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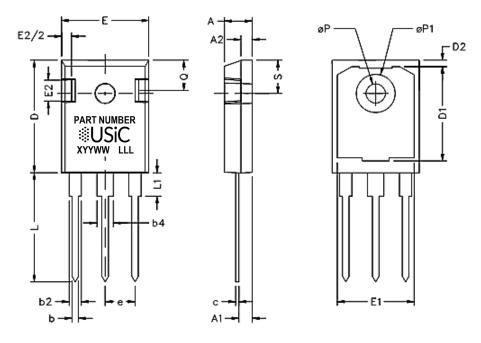
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TO-247-3L PACKAGE OUTLINE, PART MARKING AND TUBE SPECIFICATIONS

PACKAGE OUTLINE



SYM	INC	HES	MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	МАХ	
A	0.185	0.209	4.699	5.309	
A1	0.087	0.102	2.21	2.61	
A2	0.059	0.098	1.499	2.489	
b	0.039	0.055	0.991	1.397	
b2	0.065	0.094	1.651	2.388	
b4	0.102	0.135	2.591	3.429	
С	0.015	0.035	0.381	0.889	
D	0.819	0.845	20.803	21.463	
D1	0.515	-	13.081	-	
D2	0.02	0.053	0.508	1.346	
E	0.61	0.64	15.494	16.256	
е	0.214	4 BSC	5.44	BSC	
E1	0.53	-	13.462	-	
E2	0.135	0.157	3.429	3.988	
L	0.78	0.8	19.812	20.32	
L1	-	0.177	-	4.496	
ØР	0.14	0.144	3.556	3.658	
ØP1	0.278	0.291	7.061	7.391	
Q	0.212	0.244	5.385	6.198	
S	0.243	3 BSC	6.17	BSC	



PART MARKING

PART NUMBER SUSSE XYYWW LLL

PART NUMBER = REFER TO DS_PN DECODER FOR DETAILS

X = ASSEMBLY SITE YY = YEAR WW = WORK WEEK LLL = LOT ID

PACKING TYPE

ANTI-STATIC TUBE

QUANTITY / TUBE : 30 UNITS

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