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## Designer's<sup>™</sup> Data Sheet TMOS E-FET ™ **High Energy Power FET** N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Silicon Gate

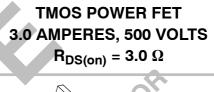
This advanced high voltage TMOS E-FET is designed to withstand high energy in the avalanche mode and switch efficiently. This new high energy device also offers a drain-to-source diode with fast recovery time. Designed for high voltage, high speed switching applications such as power supplies, PWM motor controls and other inductive loads, the avalanche energy capability is specified to eliminate the guesswork in designs where inductive loads are switched and offer additional safety margin against unexpected voltage transients.

- Avalanche Energy Capability Specified at Elevated Temperature
- Low Stored Gate Charge for Efficient Switching
- Internal Source-to-Drain Diode Designed to Replace External Zener e , ne , Discrete , Di Transient Suppressor — Absorbs High Energy in the Avalanche Mode
- Source-to-Drain Diode Recovery Time Comparable to Discrete Fast Recovery Diode

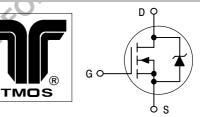


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#### MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DSS</sub>	500	Vdc
Drain-Gate Voltage ( $R_{GS}$ = 1.0 M $\Omega$ )	V <sub>DGR</sub>	500	Vdc
Gate–Source Voltage — Continuous — Non–repetitive (t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 50 μs)	V <sub>GS</sub> V <sub>GSM</sub>	±20 ±40	Vdc Vpk
Drain Current — Continuous — Pulsed	I <sub>D</sub> I <sub>DM</sub>	3.0 10	Adc
Total Power Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	50 0.4	Watts W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to 150	°C

#### UNCLAMPED DRAIN-TO-SOURCE AVALANCHE CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>d</sub> < 150°C)

Single Pulse Drain-to-Source Avalanche Energy — $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ — $T_J = 100^{\circ}C$	W <sub>DSR</sub> (1)	210 33	mJ
Repetitive Pulse Drain-to-Source Avalanche Energy	W <sub>DSR</sub> (2)	5.0	

#### **THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Thermal Resistance — Junction to Case — Junction to Ambient	R <sub>θJC</sub> R <sub>θJA</sub>	2.5 62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from case for 10 seconds	TL	260	°C
<ul> <li>(1) VDD = 50 V, ID = 3.0 A</li> <li>(2) Pulse Width and frequency is limited by TJ(max) and thermal response</li> <li>Designer's Data for "Worst Case" Conditions — The Designer's Data Sheet permits the design of most circularity of the second seco</li></ul>		information presen	ted. SOA Limit

#### (1) $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}$

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>J</sub> = $25^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage $(V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA})$	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	500		_	Vdc
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ( $V_{DS} = 500 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ ) ( $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	I <sub>DSS</sub>			0.25 1.0	mAdc
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward ( $V_{GSF}$ = 20 Vdc, $V_{DS}$ = 0)	I <sub>GSSF</sub>	—		100	nAdc
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse ( $V_{GSR}$ = 20 Vdc, $V_{DS}$ = 0)	I <sub>GSSR</sub>	—		100	nAdc

#### **ON CHARACTERISTICS\***

Gate Threshold Voltage $(V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 0.25 \text{ mAdc})$ $(T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C})$	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	2.0 1.5		4.0 3.5	Vdc
Static Drain–Source On–Resistance ( $V_{GS}$ = 10 Vdc, $I_D$ = 1.5 Adc)	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	—	2.4	3.0	Ohm
	VDS(on)		20	10 8.0	Vdc
Forward Transconductance (V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.5 Adc)	<b>9</b> FS	1.0	S= .	—	mhos
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			2		

#### 

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS\*

Turn-On Delay Time	5	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	I	14	_	ns
Rise Time	$(V_{DD} = 250 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} \approx 3.0 \text{ A},$ $P_{a} = 18 \text{ O}, P_{b} = 83 \text{ O}$	t <sub>r</sub>	_	14	_	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$(V_{DD} = 250 \text{ V}, I_D \approx 3.0 \text{ A}, R_G = 18 \Omega, R_L = 83 \Omega, V_{GS(on)} = 10 \text{ V})$	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	_	30	_	
Fall Time		t <sub>f</sub>	_	20	_	
Total Gate Charge		Qg		15	21	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$(V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}, I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V})$	Q <sub>gs</sub>		2.5	_	
Gate-Drain Charge		Q <sub>gd</sub>		10		

### SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE CHARACTERISTICS\*

Forward On-Voltage	(I <sub>S</sub> = 3.0 A)	V <sub>SD</sub>	—		1.5	Vdc
Forward Turn-On Time		t <sub>on</sub>	—	**		ns
Reverse Recovery Time	(I <sub>S</sub> = 3.0 A, di/dt = 100 A/μs)	t <sub>rr</sub>	_	200		

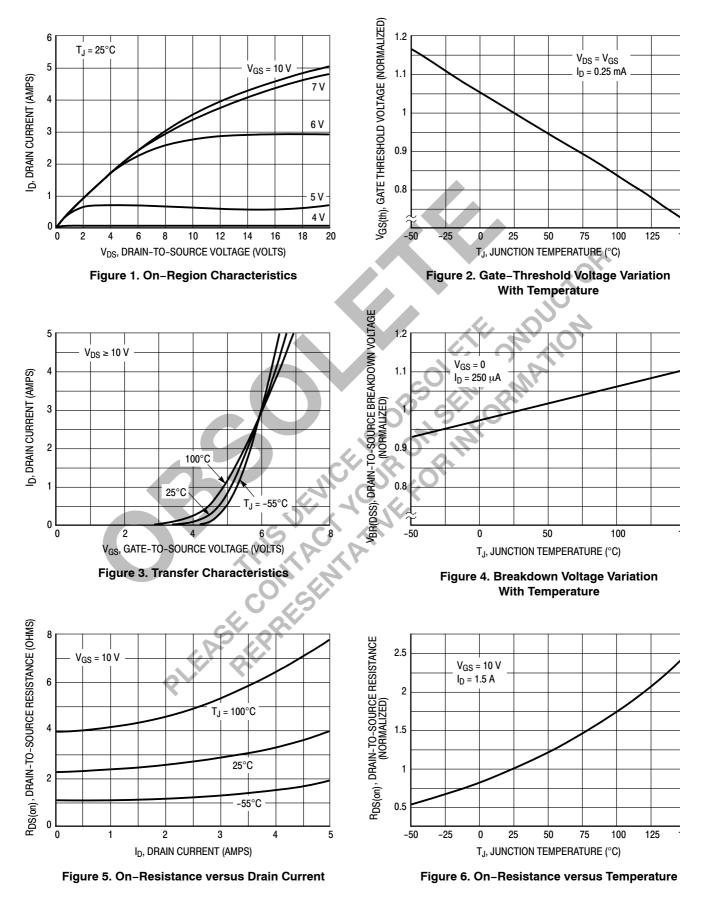
#### INTERNAL PACKAGE INDUCTANCE

Internal Drain Inductance	L <sub>d</sub>				nH
(Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die)		—	3.5		
(Measured from the drain lead 0.25" from package to center of die)		—	4.5	—	
Internal Source Inductance (Measured from the source lead 0.25" from package to source bond pad)	Ls	_	7.5		

\*Indicates Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu$ s Max, Duty Cycle < 2.0%.

\*\* Limited by circuit inductance.

#### **TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



#### SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

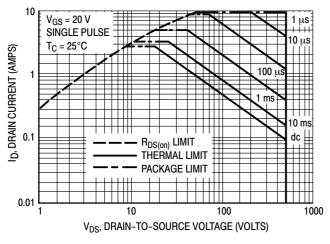


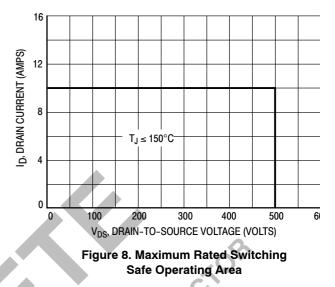
Figure 7. Maximum Rated Forward Biased Safe Operating Area

#### FORWARD BIASED SAFE OPERATING AREA

The FBSOA curves define the maximum drain-to-source voltage and drain current that a device can safely handle when it is forward biased, or when it is on, or being turned on. Because these curves include the limitations of simultaneous high voltage and high current, up to the rating of the device, they are especially useful to designers of linear systems. The curves are based on a case temperature of 25°C and a maximum junction temperature of 150°C. Limitations for repetitive pulses at various case temperatures can be determined by using the thermal response curves. Motorola Application Note, AN569, "Transient Thermal Resistance-General Data and Its Use" provides detailed instructions.

#### SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

The switching safe operating area (SOA) of Figure 8 is the boundary that the load line may traverse without incurring damage to the MOSFET. The fundamental limits are the peak current,  $I_{DM}$  and the breakdown voltage,  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ . The switching SOA shown in Figure 8 is



applicable for both turn-on and turn-off of the devices for switching times less than one microsecond.

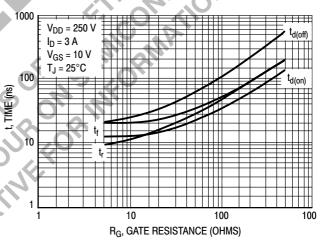


Figure 9. Resistive Switching Time Variation versus Gate Resistance

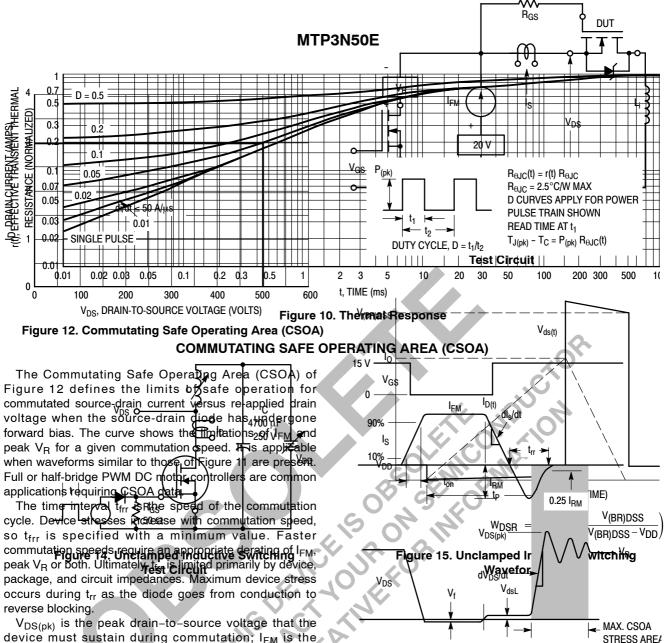


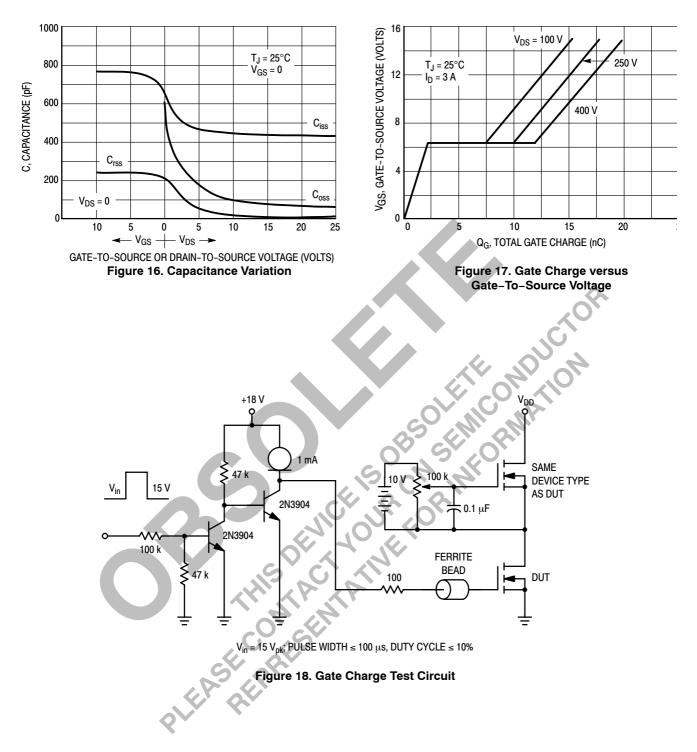
Figure 11. Commutating Waveforms

 $V_{DS(pk)}$  is the peak drain-to-source voltage that the device must sustain during commutation;  $I_{FM}$  is the maximum forward source-drain diode current just prior to the onset of commutation.

 $V_R$  is specified at 80% of  $V_{(BR)DSS}$  to ensure that the CSOA stress is maximized as  $I_S$  decays from  $I_{RM}$  to zero.

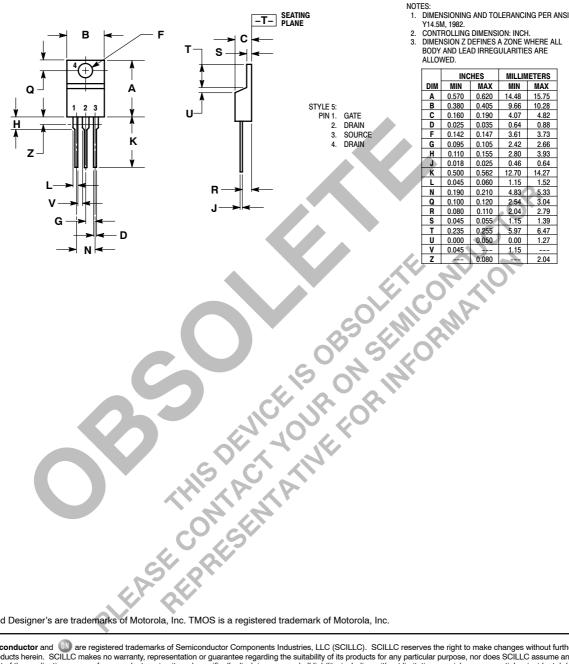
 $R_{GS}$  should be minimized during commutation.  $T_{\rm J}$  has only a second order effect on CSOA.

Stray inductances,  $L_{\rm i}$  in Motorola's test circuit are assumed to be practical minimums.



#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

#### CASE 221A-06 **ISSUE Y**



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