LDO Linear Regulator -Micropower, DELAY, Adjustable RESET, Sense Output

5.0 V, 150 mA

The NCV4269C is a 5.0 V precision micropower voltage regulator with an output current capability of 150 mA.

The output voltage is accurate within $\pm 2.0\%$ with a maximum dropout voltage of 0.5 V at 100 mA. Low quiescent current is a feature drawing only 125 μ A with a 1.0 mA load. This part is ideal for any and all battery operated microprocessor equipment.

Microprocessor control logic includes an active reset output RO with delay and a SI/SO monitor which can be used to provide an early warning signal to the microprocessor of a potential impending reset signal. The use of the SI/SO monitor allows the microprocessor to finish any signal processing before the reset shuts the microprocessor down.

The active Reset circuit operates correctly at an output voltage as low as 1.0 V. The Reset function is activated during the power up sequence or during normal operation if the output voltage drops outside the regulation limits.

The reset threshold voltage can be decreased by the connection of an external resistor divider to the R_{ADJ} lead. The regulator is protected against reverse battery, short circuit, and thermal overload conditions. The device can withstand load dump transients making it suitable for use in automotive environments. The device has also been optimized for EMC conditions.

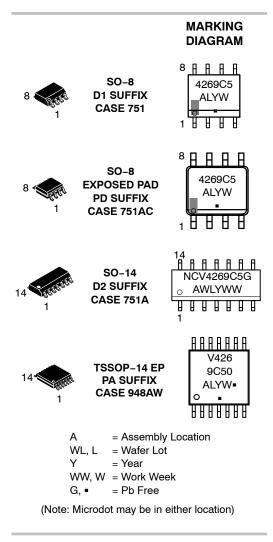
Features

- 5.0 V ± 2.0% Output
- Low 125 µA Quiescent Current
- Active Reset Output Low Down to $V_0 = 1.0 V$
- Adjustable Reset Threshold
- 150 mA Output Current Capability
- Fault Protection
 - ◆ +60 V Peak Transient Voltage
 - ♦ -40 V Reverse Voltage
 - Short Circuit
 - Thermal Overload
- Early Warning through SI/SO Leads
- Internally Fused Leads in SO-14 Package
- Integrated Pullup Resistor at Logic Outputs (To Use External Resistors, Select the NCV4279C)
- Very Low Dropout Voltage
- Electrical Parameters Guaranteed Over Entire Temperature Range
- AEC-Q100 Grade 1 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These are Pb–Free Devices



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ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 13 of this data sheet.

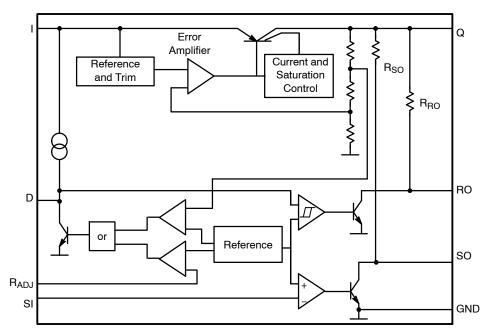


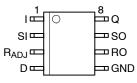
Figure 1. Block Diagram

PIN CONNECTIONS

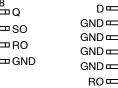
SO-14

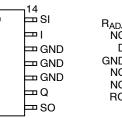
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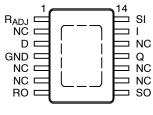
R_{ADJ}











TSSOP-14 EP

PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION

Package Pin Number		i			
SO-8	SO-8 EP	SO-14	TSSOP14	Pin Symbol	Function
3	3	1	1	R _{ADJ}	Reset Threshold Adjust; if not used to connect to GND.
4	4	2	3	D	Reset Delay; To Set Time Delay, Connect to GND with Capacitor
5	5	3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12	4	GND	Ground
-	-	-	2, 5, 6, 9, 10, 12	NC	No connection to these pins from the IC.
6	6	7	7	RO	Reset Output; The Open–Collector Output has a 20 $k\Omega$ Pullup Resistor to Q. Leave Open if Not Used.
7	7	8	8	SO	Sense Output; This Open–Collector Output is Internally Pulled Up by 20 $k\Omega$ pullup resistor to Q. If not used, keep open.
8	8	9	11	Q	5 V Output; Connect to GND with a 10 μF Capacitor, ESR < 2.5 $\Omega.$
1	1	13	13	I	Input; Connect to GND Directly at the IC with Ceramic Capacitor.
2	2	14	14	SI	Sense Input; If not used, Connect to Q.
_	EPAD	-	EPAD	EPAD	Connect to ground potential or leave unconnected

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $150^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input to Regulator	V _I II	-40 Internally Limited	45 Internally Limited	V
Input Transient to Regulator (Note 3)	VI	-	60	V
Sense Input	V _{SI} I _{SI}	-40 -1	45 1	V mA
Reset Threshold Adjust	V _{RADJ} I _{RADJ}	-0.3 -10	7 10	V mA
Reset Delay	V _D I _D	-0.3 Internally Limited	7 Internally Limited	V
Ground	۱ _q	50	-	mA
Reset Output	V _{RO} I _{RO}	-0.3 Internally Limited	7 Internally Limited	V
Sense Output	V _{SO} I _{SO}	-0.3 Internally Limited	7 Internally Limited	V
Regulated Output	V _Q I _Q	-0.5 -10	7 -	V mA
Junction Temperature Storage Temperature	T _J T _{STG}	_ _50	150 150	°C ℃
Input Voltage Operating Range Junction Temperature Operating Range	V _I TJ	_ _40	45 150	∨ °C

LEAD TEMPERATURE SOLDERING AND MSL

Parameter	Symbol	Value
MSL, 8-Lead, 14-Lead, LS Temperature 265°C Peak (Note 4)	MSL	1
MSL, 8-Lead EP, LS Temperature 260°C	MSL	2

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.
1. This device series incorporates ESD protection and exceeds the following ratings: Human Body Model (HBM) ≤ 4.0 kV per AEC-Q100-002. Machine Model (MM) ≤ 200 V per AEC-Q100-003.
2. Latchup tested per AEC-Q100-004.

- 3. Load Dump Test B (with centralized load dump suppression) according to ISO16750-2 standard. Guaranteed by design. Not tested in production. Passed Class A according to ISO16750–1.
 +5°C/–0°C, 40 Sec Max–at–Peak, 60 – 150 Sec above 217°C.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Test Conditions (Typical Values)	Unit
SO-8 Package (Note 5)		
Junction–to–Pin 6 (Ψ – JL6, Ψ _{L6})	58.3	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (R $_{\theta JA}, \theta_{JA}$)	151.1	°C/W
SO-8 EP Package (Note 5)		
Junction–to–Pin 8 (Ψ – JL8, Ψ _{L8})	47	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (R $_{\theta JA}, \theta_{JA}$)	131.6	°C/W
Junction-to-Pad (Ψ - JPad)	16.3	°C/W
SO-14 Package (Note 5)		
Junction–to–Pin 4 (Ψ – JL4, Ψ _{L4})	19.5	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (R $_{\theta JA}, \theta_{JA}$)	100.9	°C/W
TSSOP-14 EP Package (Note 5)		-
Junction–to–Pin 3 (Ψ – JL3, Ψ _{L3})	19.3	°C/W

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Test Conditions (Typical Values)	Unit
TSSOP-14 EP Package (Note 5)		
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (R $_{\theta JA}, \theta_{JA}$)	77.3	°C/W
Junction-to-Pad (Ψ - JPad)	12.6	°C/W

5. 2 oz copper, 150 $\rm mm^2$ copper area, 1.5 mm thick FR4

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = $-40^{\circ}C \le T_J \le 150^{\circ}C$, V_I = 13.5 V unless otherwise specified)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
REGULATOR				•	•	
Output Voltage	VQ	1 mA \leq I_Q \leq 100 mA 6 V \leq V_I \leq 16 V	4.90	5.00	5.10	V
Current Limit	l _Q	-	150	430	500	mA
Current Consumption; $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I _q	I _Q = 1 mA, RO, SO High	-	125	250	μA
Current Consumption; $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	lq	l _Q = 10 mA, RO, SO High	-	230	450	μA
Current Consumption; $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	Ιq	I _Q = 50 mA, RO, SO High	-	0.9	3.0	mA
Dropout Voltage	V _{dr}	V _I = 5 V, I _Q = 100 mA	-	0.23	0.5	V
Load Regulation	ΔV_Q	I _Q = 5 mA to 100 mA	-	1	20	mV
Line Regulation	ΔV_Q	$V_I = 6 V \text{ to } 26 V I_Q = 1 \text{ mA}$	-	1	30	mV
RESET GENERATOR						
Reset Switching Threshold	V _{RT}	-	4.50	4.65	4.80	V
Reset Adjust Switching Threshold	V _{RADJ,TH}	V _Q > 3.5 V	1.26	1.35	1.44	V
Reset Pullup Resistance	R _{RO,INT}	-	10	20	40	kΩ
Reset Output Saturation Voltage	V _{RO,SAT}	V _Q < V _{RT} , R _{RO, INT}	-	0.03	0.4	V
Upper Delay Switching Threshold	V _{UD}	-	1.4	1.8	2.2	V
Lower Delay Switching Threshold	V_{LD}	-	0.3	0.45	0.60	V
Saturation Voltage on Delay Capacitor	V _{D,SAT}	V _Q < V _{RT}	-	-	0.1	V
Charge Current	I _{D,C}	V _D = 1 V	3.0	6.5	9.5	μA
Delay Time L \rightarrow H	t _d	C _D = 100 nF	17	28	73	ms
Delay Time H → L	t _{RR}	C _D = 100 nF	I	1.5	-	μs
INPUT VOLTAGE SENSE						
Sense Threshold High	V _{SI,High}	-	1.24	1.31	1.38	V
Sense Threshold Low	V _{SI,Low}	-	1.16	1.20	1.28	V
Sense Output Saturation Voltage	V _{SO,Low}	V _{SI} < 1.20 V; V _Q > 3 V; R _{SO,INT}	-	0.03	0.4	V
Sense Resistor Pullup	R _{SO,INT}	-	10	20	40	kΩ
Sense Input Current	I _{SI}	-	-1.0	0.1	1.0	μA
THERMAL SHUTDOWN						
	_			1		

Thermal Shutdown Temperature (Note 6) 150 200 T_{SD} lout = 1 mA °C

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.6. Values based on design and/or characterization.

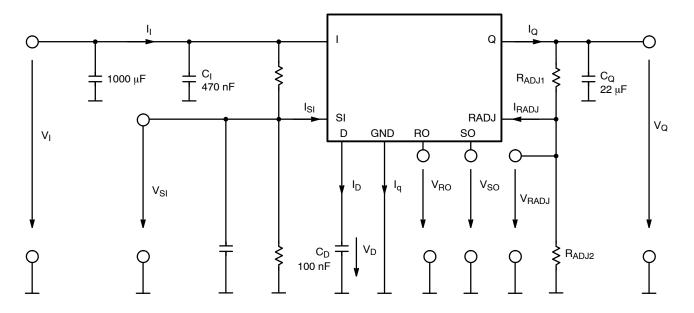


Figure 2. Measuring Circuit

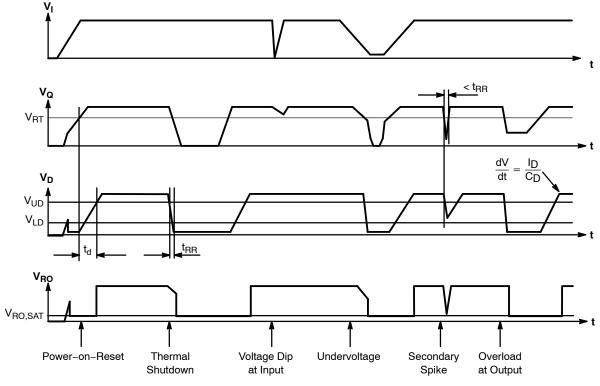
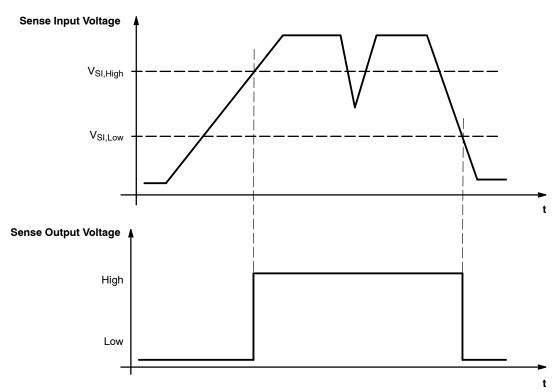
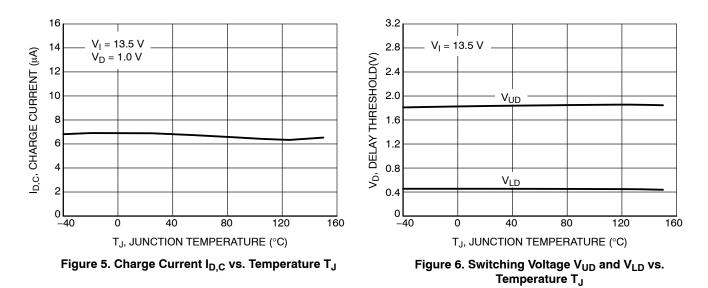


Figure 3. Reset Timing Diagram

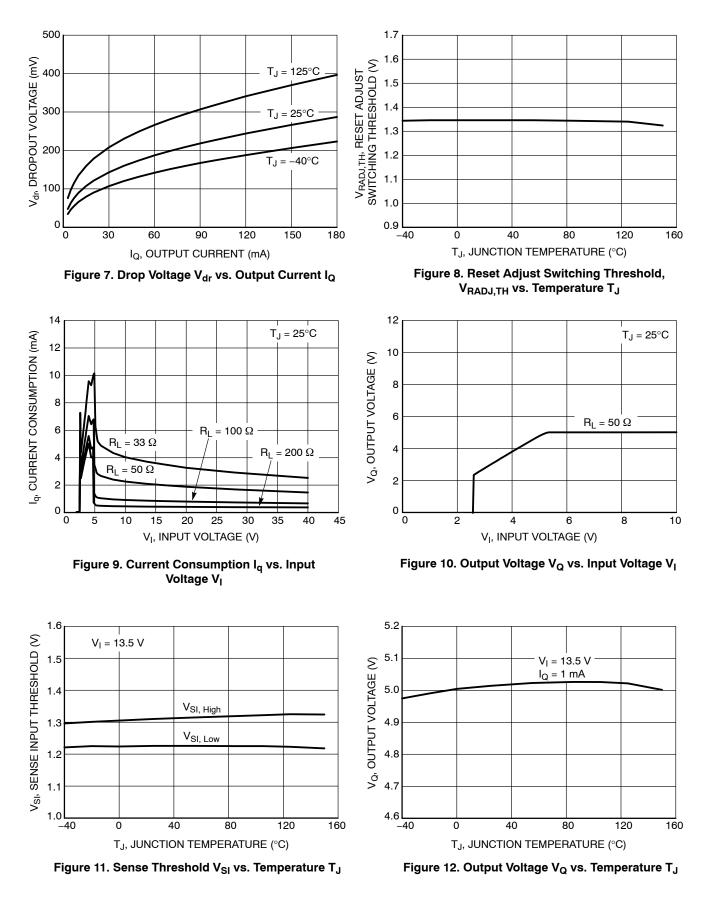




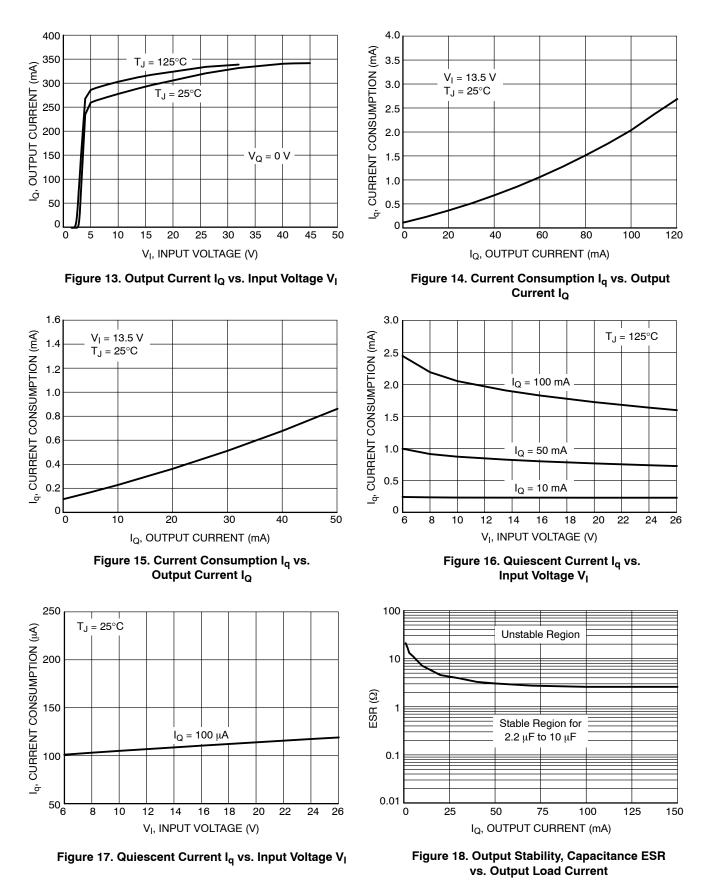
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

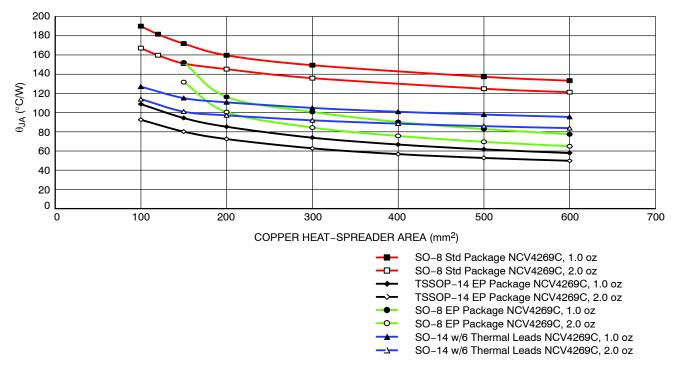
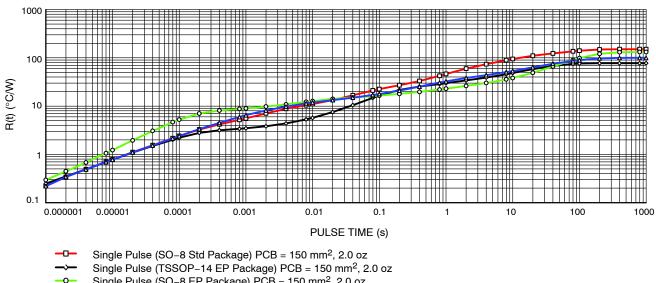


Figure 19. Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) vs. Heat Spreader Area



Single Pulse (SO-8 EP Package) PCB = 150 mm², 2.0 oz

Single Pulse (SO-14 w/6 TL Package) PCB = 150 mm², 2.0 oz 7

Figure 20. R(t) vs. Pulse Time

APPLICATION DESCRIPTION

OUTPUT REGULATOR

The output is controlled by a precision trimmed reference. The PNP output has base drive quiescent current control for regulation while the input voltage is low, preventing over saturation. Current limit and voltage monitors complement the regulator design to give safe operating signals to the processor and control circuits.

RESET OUTPUT (RO)

A reset signal, Reset Output, RO, (low voltage) is generated as the IC powers up. After the output voltage V_Q increases above the reset threshold voltage V_{RT} , the delay timer D is started. When the voltage on the delay timer V_D passes V_{UD} , the reset signal RO goes high. A discharge of the delay timer V_D is started when V_Q drops and stays below the reset threshold voltage V_{RT} . When the voltage of the delay timer V_D drops below the lower threshold voltage V_{LD} the reset output voltage V_{RO} is brought low to reset the processor.

The reset output RO is an open collector NPN transistor with an internal 20 k Ω pullup resistor connected to the output Q, controlled by a low voltage detection circuit. The circuit is functionally independent of the rest of the IC, thereby guaranteeing that RO is valid for V_Q as low as 1.0 V.

RESET ADJUST (R_{ADJ})

The reset threshold V_{RT} can be decreased from a typical value of 4.65 V to as low as 3.5 V by using an external voltage divider connected from the Q lead to the pin R_{ADJ} , as shown in Figure 21. The resistor divider keeps the voltage above the $V_{RADJ,TH}$ (typical 1.35 V) for the desired input voltages, and overrides the internal threshold detector. Adjust the voltage divider according to the following relationship:

```
V_{RT} = V_{RADJ,TH} \cdot (R_{ADJ1} + R_{ADJ2}) / R_{ADJ2} (eq. 1)
```

If the reset adjust option is not needed, the R_{ADJ} pin should be connected to GND causing the reset threshold to go to its default value (typically 4.65 V).

RESET DELAY (D)

The reset delay circuit provides a delay (programmable by capacitor C_D) on the reset output lead RO. The delay lead D provides charge current $I_{D,C}$ (typically 6.5 μ A) to the external delay capacitor C_D during the following times:

- 1. During Powerup (once the regulation threshold has been exceeded).
- 2. After a reset event has occurred and the device is back in regulation. The delay capacitor is set to discharge when the regulation (V_{RT} , reset threshold voltage) has been violated. When the delay capacitor discharges to V_{LD} , the reset signal RO pulls low.

SETTING THE DELAY TIME

The delay time is set by the delay capacitor C_D and the charge current I_D . The time is measured by the delay capacitor voltage charging from the low level of V_{DSAT} to the higher level V_{UD} . The time delay follows the equation:

$$t_d = [C_D (V_{UD} - V_{D, SAT})]/I_{D, C}$$
 (eq. 2)

Example:

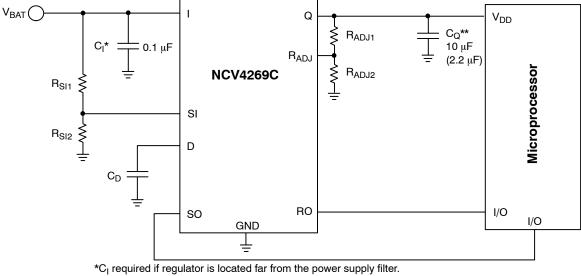
Using $C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$.

Use the typical value for $V_{D,SAT} = 0.1$ V.

Use the typical value for $V_{UD} = 1.8$ V.

Use the typical value for Delay Charge Current $I_D = 6.5 \,\mu$ A.

 $t_d = [100 \text{ nF}(1.8 - 0.1 \text{ V})]/6.5 \,\mu\text{A} = 26.2 \text{ ms}$ (eq. 3)



** C_Q – minimum cap required for stability is 2.2 μF while higher over/under-shoots may be expected. Cap must operate at minimum temperature expected.

Figure 21. Application Diagram

SENSE INPUT (SI) / SENSE OUTPUT (SO) VOLTAGE MONITOR

An on-chip comparator is available to provide early warning to the microprocessor of a possible reset signal (Figure 4). The output is from an open collector driver with an internal 20 k Ω pull up resistor to output Q. The reset signal typically turns the microprocessor off instantaneously. This can cause unpredictable results with the microprocessor. The signal received from the SO pin will allow the microprocessor time to complete its present task before shutting down. This function is performed by a comparator referenced to the band gap voltage. The actual trip point can be programmed externally using a resistor divider to the input monitor SI (Figure 21). The values for R_{SI1} and R_{SI2} are selected for a typical threshold of 1.20 V on the SI Pin.

SIGNAL OUTPUT

Figure 22 shows the SO Monitor timing waveforms as a result of the circuit depicted in Figure 21. As the output voltage (V_Q) falls, the monitor threshold ($V_{SI,Low}$), is crossed. This causes the voltage on the SO output to go low sending a warning signal to the microprocessor that a reset signal may occur in a short period of time. $T_{WARNING}$ is the time the microprocessor has to complete the function it is currently working on and get ready for the reset shutdown signal. When the voltage on the SO goes low and the RO stays high the current consumption is typically 530 μ A at 1 mA load current.

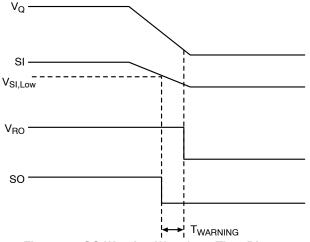


Figure 22. SO Warning Waveform Time Diagram

STABILITY CONSIDERATIONS

The input capacitor C_I in Figure 21 is necessary for compensating input line reactance. Possible oscillations caused by input inductance and input capacitance can be damped by using a resistor of approximately 1.0Ω in series with C_I .

The output or compensation capacitor helps determine three main characteristics of a linear regulator: startup delay, load transient response and loop stability.

The capacitor value and type should be based on cost, availability, size and temperature constraints. The aluminum electrolytic capacitor is the least expensive solution, but, if the circuit operates at low temperatures $(-25^{\circ}C \text{ to } -40^{\circ}C)$, both the value and ESR of the capacitor will vary considerably. The capacitor manufacturer's data sheet usually provides this information.

The 10 μ F output capacitor C_Q shown in Figure 21 should work for most applications; however, it is not necessarily the optimized solution. Stability is guaranteed at C_Q is min 2.2 μ F and max ESR is 2.5 Ω . There is no min ESR limit which was proved with MURATA's ceramic caps GRM31MR71A225KA01 (2.2 μ F, 10 V, X7R, 1206) and GRM31CR71A106KA01 (10 μ F, 10 V, X7R, 1206) directly soldered between output and ground pins.

CALCULATING POWER DISSIPATION IN A SINGLE OUTPUT LINEAR REGULATOR

The maximum power dissipation for a single output regulator (Figure 21) is:

PD(max) = [VI(max) - VQ(min)]IQ(max) + VI(max)Iq (eq. 4)where:

V_{I(max)} is the maximum input voltage,

V_{Q(min)} is the minimum output voltage,

 $I_{Q(max)}$ is the maximum output current for the application, and I_q is the quiescent current the regulator consumes at $I_{Q(max)}$.

Once the value of $P_{D(max)}$ is known, the maximum permissible value of R_{0JA} can be calculated:

$$R_{\theta JA} = (150^{\circ}C - T_A) / P_D$$
 (eq. 5)

The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can then be compared with those in the package section of the data sheet. Those packages with $R_{\theta JA}$'s less than the calculated value in equation 2 will keep the die temperature below 150°C. In some cases, none of the packages will be sufficient to dissipate the heat generated by the IC, and an external heatsink will be required. The current flow and voltages are shown in the Measurement Circuit Diagram.

HEATSINKS

A heatsink effectively increases the surface area of the package to improve the flow of heat away from the IC and into the surrounding air.

Each material in the heat flow path between the IC and the outside environment will have a thermal resistance. Like series electrical resistances, these resistances are summed to determine the value of R_{HA} :

$$R_{\theta}JA = R_{\theta}JC + R_{\theta}CS + R_{\theta}SA \qquad (eq. 6)$$

where:

 $R_{\theta JC}$ = the junction-to-case thermal resistance,

 $R_{\theta CS}$ = the case-to-heat sink thermal resistance, and $R_{\theta SA}$ = the heat sink-to-ambient thermal resistance.

 $R_{\theta JC}$ appears in the package section of the data sheet. Like $R_{\theta JA}$, it too is a function of package type. $R_{\theta CS}$ and $R_{\theta SA}$ are functions of the package type, heatsink and the interface between them. These values appear in data sheets of heatsink manufacturers. Thermal, mounting, and heatsinking considerations are discussed in the ON Semiconductor application note AN1040/D, available on the ON Semiconductor website.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Output Voltage	Package	Shipping [†]
NCV4269CD150R2G		SO-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
NCV4269CPD50R2G	5.0)/	SO-8 EP (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
NCV4269CD250R2G	5.0 V	SO-14 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
ICV4269CPA50R2G		TSSOP-14 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel

+For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

STYLES ON PAGE 2

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SOIC-8 NB CASE 751-07 ISSUE AK

STYLE 1: PIN 1. EMITTER COLLECTOR 2. COLLECTOR 3. 4. EMITTER 5. EMITTER BASE 6. 7 BASE EMITTER 8. STYLE 5: PIN 1. DRAIN 2. DRAIN З. DRAIN DRAIN 4. GATE 5. 6. GATE SOURCE 7. 8. SOURCE STYLE 9: PIN 1. EMITTER, COMMON COLLECTOR, DIE #1 COLLECTOR, DIE #2 2. З. EMITTER, COMMON 4. 5. EMITTER, COMMON 6 BASE. DIE #2 BASE, DIE #1 7. 8. EMITTER, COMMON STYLE 13: PIN 1. N.C. 2. SOURCE 3 GATE 4. 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN DRAIN 7. 8. DRAIN STYLE 17: PIN 1. VCC 2. V2OUT V10UT З. TXE 4. 5. RXE 6. VFF 7. GND 8. ACC STYLE 21: PIN 1. CATHODE 1 2. CATHODE 2 3 CATHODE 3 CATHODE 4 4. 5. CATHODE 5 6. COMMON ANODE COMMON ANODE 7. 8. CATHODE 6 STYLE 25: PIN 1. VIN 2 N/C REXT З. 4. GND 5. IOUT 6. IOUT IOUT 7. 8. IOUT STYLE 29: BASE, DIE #1 PIN 1. 2 EMITTER, #1 BASE, #2 З. EMITTER, #2 4. 5 COLLECTOR, #2 COLLECTOR, #2 6.

STYLE 2: PIN 1. COLLECTOR, DIE, #1 2. COLLECTOR, #1 COLLECTOR, #2 3. 4 COLLECTOR, #2 BASE, #2 5. EMITTER, #2 6. 7 BASE #1 EMITTER, #1 8. STYLE 6: PIN 1. SOURCE 2. DRAIN 3. DRAIN SOURCE 4. SOURCE 5. 6. GATE GATE 7. 8. SOURCE STYLE 10: GROUND PIN 1. BIAS 1 OUTPUT 2. З. GROUND 4. 5. GROUND 6 BIAS 2 INPUT 7. 8. GROUND STYLE 14: PIN 1. N-SOURCE 2. N-GATE 3 P-SOURCE P-GATE 4. P-DRAIN 5 6. P-DRAIN N-DRAIN 7. N-DRAIN 8. STYLE 18: PIN 1. ANODE ANODE 2. SOURCE 3. GATE 4. 5. DRAIN 6 DRAIN CATHODE 7. 8. CATHODE STYLE 22: PIN 1. I/O LINE 1 2. COMMON CATHODE/VCC 3 COMMON CATHODE/VCC 4. I/O LINE 3 COMMON ANODE/GND 5. 6. I/O LINE 4 7. I/O LINE 5 8. COMMON ANODE/GND STYLE 26: PIN 1. GND 2 dv/dt З. ENABLE 4. ILIMIT 5. SOURCE SOURCE 6. SOURCE 7. 8. VCC STYLE 30: DRAIN 1 PIN 1. DRAIN 1 2 GATE 2 З. SOURCE 2 4. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 5. 6.

STYLE 3: PIN 1. DRAIN, DIE #1 DRAIN, #1 2. DRAIN, #2 З. DRAIN, #2 4. GATE, #2 5. SOURCE, #2 6. 7 GATE #1 8. SOURCE, #1 STYLE 7: PIN 1. INPUT 2. EXTERNAL BYPASS THIRD STAGE SOURCE GROUND З. 4. 5. DRAIN 6. GATE 3 SECOND STAGE Vd 7. FIRST STAGE Vd 8. STYLE 11: PIN 1. SOURCE 1 GATE 1 SOURCE 2 2. 3. GATE 2 4. 5. DRAIN 2 6. DRAIN 2 DRAIN 1 7. 8. DRAIN 1 STYLE 15: PIN 1. ANODE 1 2. ANODE 1 ANODE 1 3 ANODE 1 4. 5. CATHODE, COMMON CATHODE, COMMON CATHODE, COMMON 6. 7. CATHODE, COMMON 8. STYLE 19: PIN 1. SOURCE 1 GATE 1 SOURCE 2 2. 3. GATE 2 4. 5. DRAIN 2 6. MIRROR 2 7. DRAIN 1 8. **MIRROR 1** STYLE 23: PIN 1. LINE 1 IN COMMON ANODE/GND COMMON ANODE/GND 2. 3 LINE 2 IN 4. LINE 2 OUT 5. COMMON ANODE/GND COMMON ANODE/GND 6. 7. 8. LINE 1 OUT STYLE 27: PIN 1. ILIMIT 2 OVI 0 UVLO З. 4. INPUT+ 5. 6. SOURCE SOURCE SOURCE 7. 8 DRAIN

STYLE 4: PIN 1. 2. ANODE ANODE ANODE З. 4. ANODE ANODE 5. 6. ANODE 7 ANODE COMMON CATHODE 8. STYLE 8: PIN 1. COLLECTOR, DIE #1 2. BASE, #1 BASE #2 З. COLLECTOR, #2 4. COLLECTOR, #2 5. 6. EMITTER, #2 EMITTER, #1 7. 8. COLLECTOR, #1 STYLE 12: PIN 1. SOURCE SOURCE 2. 3. GATE 4. 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN DRAIN 7. 8. DRAIN STYLE 16 EMITTER, DIE #1 PIN 1. 2. BASE, DIE #1 EMITTER, DIE #2 3 BASE, DIE #2 4. 5. COLLECTOR, DIE #2 6. COLLECTOR, DIE #2 COLLECTOR, DIE #1 7. COLLECTOR, DIE #1 8. STYLE 20: PIN 1. SOURCE (N) GATE (N) SOURCE (P) 2. 3. 4. GATE (P) 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN DRAIN 7. 8. DRAIN STYLE 24: PIN 1. BASE EMITTER 2. 3 COLLECTOR/ANODE COLLECTOR/ANODE 4. 5. CATHODE

6. CATHODE COLLECTOR/ANODE 7. 8. COLLECTOR/ANODE STYLE 28: PIN 1. SW_TO_GND 2. DASIC OFF DASIC_SW_DET З. 4. GND 5. 6. V MON VBULK 7. VBULK

7. VOULK 8. VIN

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SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2

7.

8. GATE 1

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7.

8

COLLECTOR, #1

COLLECTOR, #1

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*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

STYLES ON PAGE 2

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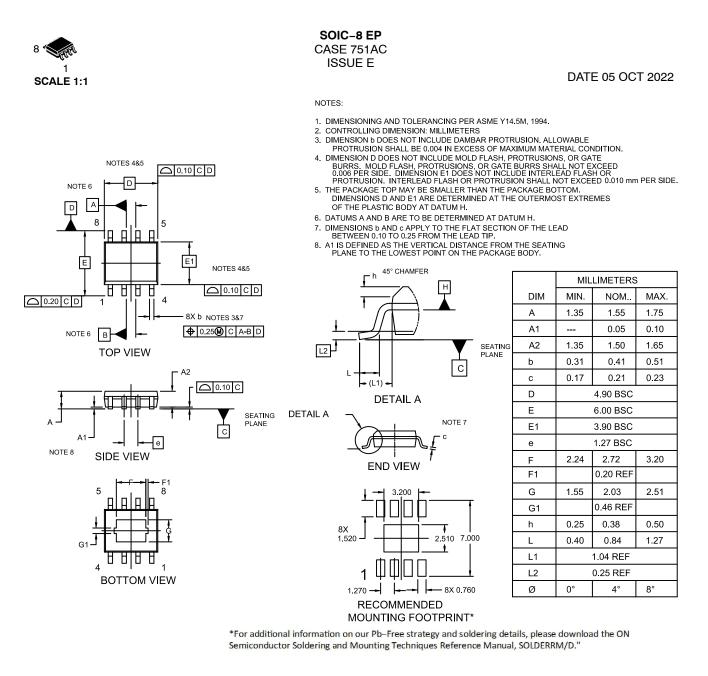
DATE 03 FEB 2016

STYLE 1: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. ANODE/CATHODE 8. ANODE/CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE	STYLE 2: CANCELLED	STYLE 3: PIN 1. NO CONNECTION 2. ANODE 3. ANODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. ANODE 8. ANODE 9. ANODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. ANODE 12. ANODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON CATHODE	STYLE 4: PIN 1. NO CONNECTION 2. CATHODE 3. CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. CATHODE 8. CATHODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. CATHODE 12. CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE
STYLE 5: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. ANODE/CATHODE 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. COMMON ANODE 8. COMMON CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE	STYLE 6: PIN 1. CATHODE 2. CATHODE 3. CATHODE 4. CATHODE 5. CATHODE 6. CATHODE 7. CATHODE 8. ANODE 9. ANODE 10. ANODE 11. ANODE 12. ANODE 13. ANODE 14. ANODE	STYLE 7: PIN 1. ANODE/CATHODE 2. COMMON ANODE 3. COMMON CATHODE 4. ANODE/CATHODE 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. ANODE/CATHODE 7. ANODE/CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. COMMON CATHODE 12. COMMON CATHODE 13. ANODE/CATHODE 14. ANODE/CATHODE	STYLE 8: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. ANODE/CATHODE 7. COMMON ANODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. NO CONNECTION 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. ANODE/CATHODE 14. COMMON CATHODE

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GENERIC **MARKING DIAGRAM***

8 A A A A XXXXX AYWW= ΗH

XXXXX	X = Specific Device Code
А	= Assembly Location
Y	= Year
WW	= Work Week
_	Dh. Even Dealises

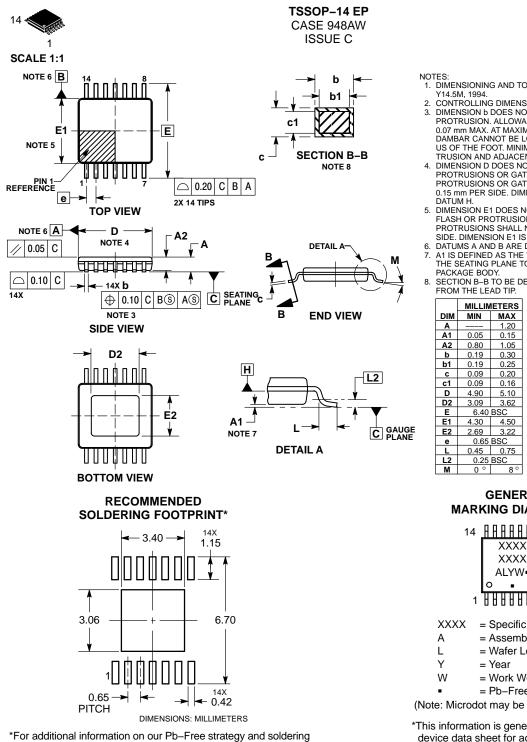
= Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " -", may or may not be present and may be in either location. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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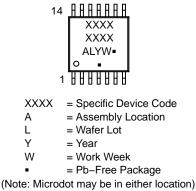


DATE 09 OCT 2012

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.07 mm MAX. AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADI-US OF THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PRO-TRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD IS 0.07.
- DIMENSION ADDRES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSION D IS DETERMINED AT 5. DIMENSION E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD
- FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSION E1 IS DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
- DATUMS A AND B ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM H. A1 IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE
- FROM THE LEAD TIP.

	MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	
Α		1.20	
A1	0.05	0.15	
A2	0.80	1.05	
b	0.19	0.30	
b1	0.19	0.25	
С	0.09	0.20	
c1	0.09	0.16	
D	4.90	5.10	
D2	3.09	3.62	
Е	6.40 BSC		
E1	4.30	4.50	
E2	2.69	3.22	
е	0.65 BSC		
L	0.45	0.75	
L2	0.25 BSC		
М	0 °	8 °	

GENERIC **MARKING DIAGRAM***



*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " .", may or may not be present.

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details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting

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